All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cold Wave Is An Incentive
TO GO TO THE
Davis & Zoeller's
ENTERPRISE CASH
DryGoods
EMPORIUM
For Your Dress Goods.

Laces, Dress Trimmings,
Corsets, Umbrellas,
Hosiery and Gents' Furnishings,
Carpets, Mattings, Trunks,
Bags and Valises, Curtains,
Curtain Poles and Household Furnishings generally.

We have a Dress-making Department in which special attention is given to Wedding Trousseau.
Cor. Front and Princess streets,
Wilmington, N. C.
Express prepaid on all orders of $5.00 and over. jan 13 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers
American, English
And German
Hardware
Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 23 tf

The Giles & Murchison
Stock
—OF—
Hardware
Tinware, Etc.,
To be Sold at a
Great Reduction
In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants
Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices,
As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.
jan 1 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand
RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.
We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.
CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.
Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.
Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.
The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LV.--NO. 109. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,645

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ABOVE COMPARISON

You will find our $3.00 superior to any SHOE of equal price in the city. It is as good as any $5.00 Shoe sold elsewhere.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
108 North Front St.,
Jan 20 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Seed, Seed, Seed.

NEW STOCK OF SEED
JUST RECEIVED AT
Rock Bottom Prices.

It will pay you to buy what SEED you may need from us.
"Special orders" promptly attended to.

J. Hicks Bunting,
Pharmacist and Seedman,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
'Phone 126 Wilmington, N. C.
jan 20 tf

Specials.

Before taking stock on February 1st we will offer to the public
Special Bargains in Every Department.
Don't fail to give us a call, it will pay you.
Yours for business,
J. H. REHDER & CO.
Fourth Street Bridge.

Wholesale and Retail.
Dry Goods, Clothing,
Shoes, Hats,
Tinware, Crockery,
Glassware, Lamp Goods,
Woodenware, Paper, Bags,
Baskets, Candies, etc., etc.
Phone 118. jan 20 tf

GOOD MORNING!

LET US TELL YOU ABOUT A FEW things we have cut the price on. Our Wool Dress Goods has been reduced to move goods that we sold at 15c. 36-inch Serge we will now sell at 13½c, extra heavy one-half wool fancies, beautiful patterns, been selling at 18c, now 15c. Our Serges from 50c to 42½c.

OUR LADIES CLOTH
from 75c for 62½c. General reduction in Domestic Goods. Our Cloaks—we have just finished taking stock—we had $588 worth of Cloaks and Capes when took stock. We want to move them to have the place. Our Child's Reefers we sold for $1, now 75c. Our $1.50 Reefers $1. Our Women's Jackets $1.50, now $1.15. Our $3 Cloaks now $1.95. Our $5 line now at $3.85. Our better goods largely reduced. Our all-wool Carpets in new way down. We will sell Carpets regardless of price. We have in our Carpet room $1,700 worth of Carpets and Matting. We will sell Rag Carpet worth 30c per yard for 19½c. Hemp Carpet worth 15c, now 11½c. Cotton Carpet worth 25c, now 19c. Our 35c Carpet, half wool, for 28c. Our all-wool at 39c. Our Brussels at 49½c, worth 50c. Our Moquet Carpet worth $1 at 69c. So you see we want to move these goods. We have just bought 1,300 pair Shoes, two soles leather, at half price, which we want to turn in money, so we can save you a good per centage on your Shoe-tackle. Good Children's Shoes at 39c, 35c and 45c. A good Woman's Shoe at 75c; job at 5c, worth $1. We have also reduced our stock of Clothing. We want to move our winter Suits, reduced from $5 to $3 90; from $4 00 to $2 80; from $3.50 to $6. Men's Felt Hats in proportion. Good Men's Brown Felt Hats for 40 and 50c each. Come to the Racket Store and be convinced that you can buy everything you need at 25c per cent. less than you can elsewhere. We are at our old Stand on Front street, opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop's
Of the Wilmington Big Racket Store. jan 13 tf

Will Leave for Atlanta, Ga
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
Clothing, Hats & Gent's Furnishing Goods
will be closed out within the next ten days AT
PRICES NEVER SOLD IN THIS CITY BEFORE. Cost will be no object.
OVERCOATS will be sold at 80 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Remember that I mean business. The stock must be sold within the specified time from date. Therefore do not miss this opportunity.
I. SHRIER,
jan 18 1w Cor. Front and Princess Sts.

OUTLINES.

The Senate engaged in a discussion of the Hawaiian question and the Urgent Deficiency bill; bills authorizing the erection of public buildings in several cities passed the House. —— Militia of New York City ordered to Brooklyn to help suppress street railroad rioters. —— A wealthy planter of Bay Village, Ark., and a brakeman on the Iron Mountain Railroad engage in a shooting affray, in which the former was killed and the latter mortally wounded. —— The Supreme Court of the United States decides adversely to the Government in the case involving the constitutionality and validity of the "Sherman anti-Trust law." —— Debs and his friends have been admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000 each. —— Two Aldermen of Chicago engage in a fist fight. —— Collections of internal revenue from all sources for the first half of the present fiscal year. —— Masked burglars raid houses in a suburb of Baltimore. —— Costello defeats Slavin in a ten-round contest at Montreal, Canada. ——Rioting in Brooklyn; the militia fired on by the mob; one of the soldiers wounded. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call was easy to-day at 1@1¼ per cent., with last loan a 1 per cent., and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton—middling gulf 6 cents; middling uplands 5¾ cents; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $2.10@3 00; good to choice do, $3 10@3 50; wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 59¼@59½cents; afloat 61 cents; corn dull, lower and weak; No. 2 at elevator 49@49¼ cents; afloat 52¼@51¼ cents; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@30 cents; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.35@1.40.

Oklahoma is now presumed to have entered upon the stages of civilization. She had her first legal hanging the other day.

A bill has been introduced in the Philadelphia Legislature requiring the death penalty to be inflicted by electricity. This is a shocking proposition.

The Duc d'Orleans is still hovering around Dover. If he should take a notion to fly across into France, he might find himself a bagged duck.

The "hold-ups" of trains by "road agents" were more than double last year what they were four years ago. But it must be remembered that last year was "a Republican year."

It is said that it will cost at least $200,000 to build a vessel to defend the America's cup. There are men in this country whose cups have cost them a good deal more than that.

A commission of physicians in the city of New Orleans have, after tests, pronounced in favor of antitoxine as a diphtheria cure, and recommended the establishment in that city of a plant for the production of the serum.

Speaker Crisp is suffering in health and will seek recuperation at Asheville. We are not surprised that he is sick. The way things have been going on in Congress for some time is enough to make any good Democrat sick.

The whipping post seems to be coming to the front. A bill has been introduced in the New York Legislature to establish it in that State, and in Tennessee a bill has been introduced allowing jurors to substitute whipping in lieu of imprisonment and fines for persons convicted of petty larceny.

A murderer who was recently hanged at Chattanooga, Tenn., declared on the gallows that he would come back and haunt and make it hot for those who had a hand in his prosecution and execution. But as he hasn't reported the opinion is that he failed to get a return ticket when he went off.

Some of the Republican statesmen say it is premature to undertake to reform the currency system now. They think this job should be deferred until the country gets in a better condition. If a fellow had the colic and they were called on to doctor him, we suppose they would wait until he got better.

A letter of Senator Hill, written two years ago, has been reproduced and published, in which he expressed the opinion that the free coinage of silver and the repeal of the tax on State banks were the way to victory for the Democratic party in 1896. But it seems to have taken him a long time to move on that line, but perhaps this was because he was so absorbed in the efforts to knock out the income tax.

Henry Watterson, of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, not only unhesitatingly declares that "the Kentucky woman has not her like on the face of the earth," but that "in the Bluegrass country a plain girl is the exception and an ugly one impossible,' and that "there isn't a farm house that can't produce a woman, who, if she should step from it upon a throne, would not stand there, or sit there, as if she were born to it." It is pretty safe to say that after this utterance the Col. will be solid with the Bluegrass girl.

A touching funeral is mentioned as having taken place in Muncie, Ind., a few days ago. The child of a poor family died. They had no money to buy a coffin or pay funeral expenses. The father made a little pine coffin, placed it with the little corpse in it on a sled, and two brothers drew it to the cemetery, followed by the father and mother. That was the funeral. And yet Muncie is supposed to be a civilized and a Christian community.

Governor Morrill, of Kansas, stated in his inaugural address that it was estimated that $15,000,000 had been withdrawn from that State by Eastern parties who had loans on real estate security, in consequence of the political agitation and laws enacted, and that they refuse to invest in that State while such discrimination is shown against capital.

A Western debating society is wrestling with the question whether the rungs of a ladder are put in to separate the sides or hold them together. If this society fails to settle it it might be referred to the French Academy of Science to tackle after it has settled the question as to why a cat when thrown up always falls on its feet.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—Free lectures.
CRONLY & MORRIS—Sale by auction.
DAVID MURPHY—Horses at auction.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. A. F. Powell, of Whiteville, is in the city.

— Capt. L. S. Belden is sick and confined to his room.

— Representative McClammy left for Raleigh last night.

— Mayor Fishblate has returned from his visit to the North.

— Mr. S. P. Cowan has returned from a trip to the West Indies.

— Mr. E. D. Brown, of Baltimore, is in the city on a business visit.

— Ex-Judge H. G. Connor, of Wilson, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Blair Wilson, clerk of the Orton, is sick and confined to his room.

— Mr. Walter P. Bonitz, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday on a business visit.

— Mr. W. E. Patterson, of the Hotel Albert, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. L. Russell who has been spending the Winter in Savannah, Ga., has returned to Wilmington.

— Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sessions and daughter, Miss Katie, of Adrian, S. C., are in the city visiting relatives.

— Mr. R. C. Rainey, of Raleigh, proprietor of the Yarborough House, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. R. C. Hudson, Mayesville; Henry Rishton, Newbern; H. Bowden, Warsaw. S. H. Sounds, Bamberg; J. H. Neal, Newbern; Henry Grimes, W. W. Martin, D. J. Kennedy, North Carolina, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Miss Daisy Vick, who has been visiting her uncle at Selma, N. C., and Mr. Sam'l W. Vick, Jr., of Charleston, returned home Sunday to attend their father's funeral. The many friends of Mr. Sam. Vick will be glad to learn that he has decided to take his old position in the A. C. L. Treasurer's office, with Mr. Jas. F. Post, Jr., and not return to Charleston.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—911 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—480 bales cotton, 38 casks spirits turpentine, 244 bbls rosin, 46 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—75 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 248 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—189 bales cotton, 78 casks spirits turpentine, 100 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—225 bbls rosin.

Steamer Daggett—5 casks spirits turpentine, 23 bbls rosin, 61 bbls tar.

Flats and rafts—18 bales cotton, 89 casks spirits turpentine, 662 bbls rosin, 357 bbls tar.

Total receipts (January 19 and 21)—Cotton, 1,568 bales; spirits turpentine, 284 casks; rosin, 1,497 bbls; tar, 521 bbls; crude turpentine, 4 bbls.

A New Enterprise.

A well attended meeting of those interested in the new broom and basket factory was held at Taylor's Bazaar last night. Plans were formulated for the organization of a company on the co operative plan and a committee will call on the merchants to-day to present these plans and solicit subscriptions to the capital stock.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 22.

Meteorological data for yesterday:
Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m 58°; maximum, 69°; minimum, 48°; mean, 58°.
Rainfall for the day .02; rainfall for the month up to date 1.08 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair, cooler and westerly winds.

Storm Signal.

Southwest storm signals were displayed at the Wilmington station at 9.20 o'clock last night. High winds were expected.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The box sheet for Hi Henry's Minstrels will open to morrow morning.

— The British schooner *Victory*, with a cargo of fruit from the Bahamas, arrived yesterday.

— Local Forecast: Fair and warmer Tuesday; fresh increasing to high southwest winds.

— New York truck dealers quote kale at 50@75c; spinach, Norfolk, $1.00@2.00; Baltimore, $1.00@1.25.

— Poker, with a one-cent "ante" and a five cent limit, is said to be a very popular game with the Solons at Raleigh.

— It is of very little interest to us whether the Legislature makes it 6 per cent. or 10 per cent. Its the principal we are after.

— The Legislature is flooded with bills to "abolish"; but there has been no hint yet of "abolishing" the Legislature. This will not come until the *per diem* ceases.

— Mr. Geo. C. Worth spoke to fifty-seven boys at the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday afternoon. This is the largest boys meeting ever held there. Rev. R. E. Peele has promised to talk next Sunday.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets for Raleigh, N. C., on account of the National Farmers' Alliance meeting, February 5th to 8th. Rate from Wilmington, $6.55; Fayetteville, $4; Maxton, $5.45.

— Suit has been brought at the present term of the Superior Court by A. H. Slocumb, Administrator of the late Wm. P. Elliott, against the American Accident Company, to recover $5,000, amount of the accident policy carried by Mr. Elliott at the time of his death.

— Why does not Wilmington take a hand in the game that is being played to win some of the New England cotton mills that are coming South? If necessary we can play the "sawdust" game by guaranteeing to furnish the mills with that commodity for fuel free of charge.

— Rehersals are being held nightly for the entertainment to be given at the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium next Tuesday night, the 29th inst. The best vocal and instrumental talent of the city has been secured. It is for the benefit of the Brooklyn Baptist Church. Tickets can be secured from Mr. Wiley T. Johnson at T. C. Craft's furniture store.

A New Asylum.

Dr. P. L. Murphy is so well known here that the following from the Charlotte *News* will be read with interest:

Dr. Murphy, of the State Hospital at Morganton, has been here for several days past. Rumor has it that his visit is quite an important one. The Republicans are surely going to turn out every Democratic office-holder that they can, and if Dr. Murphy does not have to go, it will not be their fault. However much the unfortunates of the State may suffer, it matters not so long as the Democrats are bounced.

The *News* understands that the object of Dr. Murphy's visit here is to buy a tract of fifty acres of land near the city, upon which he will erect an asylum for the benefit of this section of the State. The *News* hopes that the report is true. The unfortunates at Morganton would be pitied, but the hundreds who would come under the care of Dr. Murphy in his Charlotte institution would be congratulated.

Knights of Honor.

District Deputy Grand Dictator Nathaniel Jacobi, assisted by T. O. Bunting as P. G. T., W. W. Yopp, G. G., installed the following officers of Carolina Lodge No. 434, K. of H., to serve the ensuing year, viz:

S. P. D.—W. M. Hankins.
D.—Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Jr.
V. D.—W. L. Jacobs.
A. D.—A. J. Marshall.
Reporter—Sam'l G. Hall.
F. R.—Jno. L. Dudley.
Treas.—Jno. L. Cantwell.
Chaplain—Jno. Cowan.
Guide—J. J. Hopkins.
Guardian—C. Reaves.
Sentinel—J. M. McGowan.
Med. Examiner—W. J. H. Bellamy, M. D.
Trustees—Owen Fennell, R. C. Cantwell, W. A. Willson.

Free Lecture.

Next Sunday afternoon Evangelist J. B. Davenport, at the Opera House, will deliver a lecture upon the subject of "The Near Approach of the Second Coming of Christ." He says that he is sent here to urge the Wilmington people to pray earnestly for that event, as the one to be desired for the good of the world. He will point to events now taking place as signs that the time for the Saviour's appearing to help His suffering creatures is very near. Admission is free in every way.

Associated Charities.

The annual meeting of the Associated Charities will be held to-night at eight o'clock in the auditorium of the Y. M. C. A. The following will be the order of proceedings: Hymn, prayer, hymn, secretary's report, treasurer's report, president's address, business organization, addresses, hymn, benediction.

It is hoped that there will be a mass-meeting of the citizens interested in caring for the poor and unfortunate in the community.

A Cold Wave.

Weather Bureau Observer Graham, in his synopsis issued yesterday morning, said: "A cold wave will move across the country during the present week, but it will not be felt to any great extent in this vicinity before Tuesday night or Wednesday morning."

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE AND HOUSE MET AT THREE P. M. YESTERDAY.

The Six Per Cent. Interest Bill Discussed and Made the Special Order for Wednesday in the Senate—Bills Introduced to Amend Insurance Laws and Provide a Reformatory for Young Criminals.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 21.—Both Senate and House met this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The most important of the bills introduced in the Senate were:

To provide a reformatory for young criminals.

To supply shoes to inmates of State charitable institutions.

To amend the insurance laws of North Carolina.

To require convict-made goods to be labelled.

Most of the session of the Senate was consumed in discussion of the six per cent. interest bill, introduced early in the session by Senator Abell, Democrat, of Johnston. The Populists resorted to dilatory tactics by moving that the bill be postponed till Wednesday, but Mr. Abell made a ringing speech and appealed for immediate action, declaring that this "Fusion" Legislature dared not refuse to pass this bill. After considerable debate the bill was made the special order for Wednesday, and the Senate adjourned.

Bills were introduced in the House to-day as follows:

To prohibit county officers serving more than two terms.

To protect the shell-fish interest of North Carolina.

To incorporate the town of Margarettsville.

To organize the county of Scotland.

Several local bills passed a third reading in the House; among them one to incorporate the town of Legett, in Edgecombe county.

A long debate was caused by a bill providing for the extension of time for collecting taxes in Macon and other Western counties. It was finally referred to the Finance Committee.

[By Southern Associated Press.]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 29.—The proceedings in the Fusion General Assembly to-day were of an uninteresting nature. A proposition to make six per cent. the legal rate of interest was discussed at some length in the Senate. A six per cent. bill will doubtless pass both Houses.

Marion Butler and Jeter C. Pritchard, the nominees of the Fusion caucus, will to-morrow be balloted for as U. S. Senators.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Proceedings of the Regular Monthly Meeting—The Board Agree to a Proposition of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen to Bond the City's Floating Debt to the Amount of $50,000.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday afternoon in regular session, Mr. R. J. Jones, chairman, presiding.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen—Mayor Fishblate and Aldermen Moore and Latimer—were present, and submitted a proposition to fund the floating debt of the city and to issue bonds therefor to the amount of $50,000.

Mr. Fishblate laid two propositions before the Board: One from Sam'l Rosenthal of Baltimore to take $50,000 of city bonds at 6 per cent. interest redeemable in thirty years, and a proposal from Messrs. Blair & Co., of New York city, to take $50,000 of city bonds at 6 per cent.; said bonds to run from one to ten years; $5,000 payable each year. Messrs. Blair & Co. further agreeing to take the bonds at par, and to allow the city $350 for printing the same and for travelling expenses of the Mayor to New York.

The matter was discussed at length. The Mayor urged the necessity of bonding the floating debt upon which 8 per cent. interest was now paid, and it was finally agreed that the floating debt should be bonded, and that the proposition of Messrs. Blair & Co. was the most acceptable of the two. Mayor Fishblate said that it would be necessary to secure the passage of an act by the Legislature authorizing the proposed issue of bonds, and that an ordinance and bill would be presented to the Board of Aldermen and Board of Audit and Finance for approval. This was agreed to.

The Board approved bills for current expenses amounting to $664.44; coupons paid, $310; expenses on coupons, $1,190; interest on note, $600.

The Board also approved the recommendation of the Police Committee of the Board of Aldermen that the salary of the late S. B. Dudley as policeman, for the month of January, be paid to his widow.

The Board refused to concur in the action of the Board of Aldermen in approving the bill of City Attorney Manning for legal services, amounting to $100, and bill of M. Bellamy & Son, attorneys for Aldermen Harriss and Northrop.

The State Guard.

North Carolina would be in a nice "fix" without her State Guard. Scenes would follow in which mobs and lawbreakers generally would fairly revel. If Wilmington were without her military companies, how long would it be before the necessity for these organizations would be keenly felt? No one but a knave or a fool would think for a moment of abolishing the State Guard.

Stephen Heard From.

Gen. S. H. Manning is now living in Lewiston, Maine; but he has not forgotten Wilmington, as he has ordered the DAILY STAR sent to his address. Stephen is still remembered here, and it will be a colder day than can be found even in ice-bound Maine when his stentorian lungs and hieroglyphic autograph fade from the memory of those he left behind.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

It Is Buying and Building Railroads, and Is Now Making for Birmingham and Chattanooga.

The Chattanooga *Times* says:

The great Seaboard Air Line—a railway passing through Virginia and the Carolinas to Atlanta, Ga.—a railway that has never defaulted on its interest and is in the hands of great capitalists, will at an early date extend its line to Chattanooga, and from here on to Birmingham, Ala. This is no new story. It has been discussed for some months past with some Chattanooga people, and various plans have been under consideration. It was at one time contemplated to take up the abandoned Chattanooga and Augusta scheme, building a new line from Gainesville, Ga., through North Georgia via Ellijay to Chattanooga. This now seems to have been abandoned and the story now goes that the route is to be via the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus to Chattanooga, and from here via the Chattanooga Southern to Birmingham. It is stated upon good authority that the Seaboard Air Line has purchased the East and West road extending from Cartersville to Pell City, Ala., a distance of 117 miles. This road is to be at once extended into Birmingham, where already terminal facilities have been secured through a suburban line. The Chattanooga Southern, which is positively to be sold by the court Jan. 31, is also to be extended from Gadsden to Pell City. The Seaboard Air Line will also build from Wanda, ten miles east of Atlanta, to Cartersville, Ga., a distance of about fifty miles. Thus a complete system will be established from Norfolk, Va., via Raleigh, N. C., and Atlanta to Chattanooga, and via Gadsden to Birmingham, also via Cartersville and Cedartown to Birmingham via Pell City. The Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, the Chattanooga Southern and the East and West road will all thus be brought into great prominence. The benefit to Chattanooga will be very great as it will give this city another and very important outlet to the sea. Further developments will be awaited with interest.

SENATOR RANSOM.

A Warm Tribute from One Who Knows Him Well.

Mr. J. S. Cohen, the Washington correspondent of the Atlanta *Journal*, says of Senator Ransom:

Senator Ransom is the best representative of the Southern Senator as a type. Brave, generous, proud and poor. He has been on the theatre of public life since he was a youngling. The breath of scandal has never touched his toga, the man does not live who claims that he ever went back on his word, personal or political. In his manner he is a Chesterfieldian, in the true sense, as courteous to the poor and lowly as to the rich and powerful. As a Senator he has long borne reputation for intelligence and faithfulness to convictions, which has won him high esteem and made him a power of good to his State. As a soldier he won high place, surrendering at Appomattox as Major-General, while entering the service of the South as a Lieutenant-Colonel. As an orator he has many brilliant parts, but owing to a heart affection has spoken but seldom in the past few years.

His retirement from the Senate is taken as a distinct bereavement by every Senator, either on the Republican or Democratic side. The same might be said of all the Southerners in Washington, for with them all he is kind and affectionate, and occupies a warm place in their hearts.

SOUTH CAROLINA POLITICS.

A Hot Campaign Ahead—The Democrats' the Republicans, the Tillmanites and the Colored Preachers All in It.

The Columbia *State* gives the following summary of the political outlook in South Carolina:

"The Constitutional Convention campaign seems about to open. From the 6th of February, which is now very close at hand, the campaign for the election of delegates to this convention may be dated. The indications are that with the Republican party reorganized and the negro preachers working their congregations there will be a most extraordinary fight in every county.

To show how much importance the Reformers attach to the convention to be held on the 6th, calling for the rejuvenation of the Republican corpse, needs but to be mentioned that Senator Irby has called the State "Democratic" executive committee together, the meeting to be held on the night of the 5th of February, the night before the convention.

The information that the committee has been called to meet on this date comes from a reliable source. Doubtless, Senator Irby will have considerable to say about it all."

NOTHING BETTER EXPECTED.

The Action of the Pop. Legislature on Lee's Birthday.

[*Petersburg Index-Appeal*]

The Populists of the North Carolina Senate voted down a joint resolution to adjourn over from Friday evening to Monday in order to observe General Lee's birthday. As a usual thing the average Populist legislator is a monstrosity; but in North Carolina he must beat the record. The Legislature of any Southern State which refuses to honor the memory of the greatest Southern soldier does not represent the people of that State. But nothing better could have been expected of the persons who have come to the top in North Carolina as a result of the fusion of the most unworthy elements of the State.

Working the "Quad."

The STAR is always glad to hear of anything that contributes to the success of Lee Angel, who has so many friends in Wilmington, and it reproduces with pleasure this from the Richmond *Times*:

"Mr. L. A. Angel, chief operator of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, has recently succeeded in improving the working of the quadruplex circuits of that company 35 to 40 per cent., bringing the system up to a high state of efficiency, if not to perfection.

"The Quadruplex is an instrument for sending two messages each way over the same wire at the same time, and was originally invented by Thomas A. Edison."

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts at this port yesterday, 43,676 bales; stock, 1,044,964.

— Spot cotton steady in New York at 5¾c; dull in Wilmington at 5c for middling.

— New York futures closed barely steady. January, 5.48; February, 5.49; March, 5.53; April, 5.55; May, 5.58; June, 5.63; July, 5.66; August, 5.70; September, 5.75; October, 5.80.

DEATH OF CAPT. S. W. VICK.

Sudden and Unexpected—A Great Shock to His Family and Friends.

Capt. Sam'l W. Vick, one of the best known and most highly esteemed citizens of Wilmington, was found dead in his room at the Purcell House Sunday morning last. He was in his usual health when he retired Saturday night, and one of his sons on visiting his room about 2 a. m. Sunday morning, found him asleep in bed. At eight o'clock a servant entered the room and found Capt. Vick lying dead on the floor. His death is supposed to have resulted from heart failure caused by an attack of epilepsy, to which he was subject.

The announcement of Capt. Vick's death was a great shock to his many friends in the city. Telegrams were sent to his son Mr. Sam'l W. Vick, Jr., at Charleston, S. C., his daughter Miss Daisy Vick at Selma, and his brother Dr. J. W. Vick, a member of the State Legislature from Johnston county, and arrangements were made for the funeral to take place Monday morning from the First Presbyterian Church, of which Mr. Vick was a member.

Yesterday, at 10 o'clock a. m., the hour appointed, the church was crowded with sympathizing friends of the family and relatives of the deceased. Rev. Dr. Hoge, the pastor of the church, conducted the services, after which the remains were escorted to Oakdale cemetery for interment. The pall bearers were: Honorary—Col. Thos. C. McIlhenny. Active—Mr. H. A. Bagg, Capt. John Cowan, Capt. A. L. DeRosset, Mr. J. A. Walker, Mr. Pat Malloy, Mr. Walker Meares, Mr. James F. Post, Jr.

Capt. Vick was born in Nash county in 1837. He came to Wilmington in 1858 or '59 and was mail agent on the W., C. A. R. R. (then the W. & M.) from Wilmington to Kingsville, S. C., until 1865, when he entered into business in Wilmington, as agent for Reynolds & Co., cotton commission merchants of Norfolk, Va. Later, he was senior member of the mercantile firm of Vick & Mebane, which for some years carried on a large business here. At the time of his death he was clerk to the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county, a position which he filled most acceptably.

Superior Court.

The Superior Court of New Hanover county convened yesterday for a term of two weeks, Hon. W. A. Hoke Judge presiding and M. C. Richardson, Esq., Solicitor.

Cases on the calendar were called and disposed of as follows:

R. W. Hicks vs. Jas. T. McIver and Wilkes Morris. Continued.

C. B. Hardee vs. S. P. McNair. Continued.

Junius Davis, receiver, vs. Henry W. Lilly and Preston Cumming. Verdict for defendant.

Cases on the calendar for to-day are: Jno. R. Rasberry vs. J. N. Stevens, administrator of Martha S. Adams.

Mary Williams *et al.* vs. Leo Haid.

Off for Fayetteville.

The little steam yacht *Navassa*, with a flat boat in tow, which left Wilmington Saturday evening for Fayetteville, (as told in the STAR) broke down just after she passed Point Peter and was compelled to stop. Mr. Madden, the agent for the Fayetteville and Wilmington line of steamers, succeeded in securing the services of the tug *Killam*, and the latter, with the flat in tow, left Sunday morning about 10 o'clock for Fayetteville.

Steamer D. R. Murchison to be Rebuilt.

The Cape Fear River Transportation Company have decided to rebuild the steamboat *D. Murchison* which was burned last Summer a few miles below Wilmington. The iron hull of this boat is at Fayetteville, uninjured, and the boilers and machinery are in Wilmington, in fairly good condition. The *Murchison* will be rebuilt at Fayetteville at once, and it is expected that she will be ready for service in six weeks—about the first of March next.

DIED.

VICK—In this city, Sunday morning at 6 o'clock, SAMUEL W. VICK, in his 57th year.

HILL—In this city, January 18th, at his residence on Dock street, J. E. HILL, aged 54 years.

Funeral took place last Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. Robert Strange being the officiating minister.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

The second coming of our Lord and Saviour
JESUS CHRIST
is at the door.
Two Absolutely Free Lectures,
Sunday, Jan. 27 & Feb. 3 at 3.30 P. M., by
James B. Davenport,
EVANGELIST.
An authorized message on this momentous subject.
This is not Second Adventism.
jan 22 2t*

The Sale By Auction
OF THE LAW LIBRARY AND OTHER Books belonging to the estate of R. W. Nixon, deceased, will take place this day (Tuesday) 22nd, at 12 M., at the Court House.
CRONLY & MORRIS,
jan 22 1t Auctioneers.

Horses! Horses!
AT AUCTION BY A. H. MORRIS, AUCtioneer. One car load of Virginia Horses and Mares, on Wednesday, Jan. 23, at 11 o'clock a. m. at Southerland's Stables. This stock is all good family broke and work horses. One fast trotter one fine saddle horse in the lot. Will be sold to the highest bidder without reserve; rain or shine.
22 DAVID MURPHY.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $69 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year. 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 22, 1895

THE PART MACHINERY PLAYS.

This is the greatest labor-saving country in the world. The premium set on inventive genius has so stimulated invention that there is an army of inventors constantly at work, and every year adds thousands to the inventions already made. There is no department of human industry that is not supplied with labor saving machinery, and some to such an extent that hand-labor is almost entirely dispensed with, only enough being necessary to attend to the machines. While this has had a great influence in the progress and development of the country it is also a factor of evil, which is rarely taken into account when considering the adverse conditions by which the country has been confronted more or less for the past thirty years.

The history of labor strikes in this country will show that at least three-fourths of them are in the industries which use labor-saving machinery. Why the strikes? Because the workmen refuse to work for the wages offered them, or paid to them, and demand more. In these same industries thirty years ago labor received a much larger compensation than it does now. Why? Because machinery has taken the place of men, reduced the number necessary, made it easier to secure the smaller number necessary and made the employer less dependent upon his workmen. When one machine does the work of ten or twenty men it means that the industry using the machine has no longer use for that number, therefore they must either go idle or find employment at something else. Look at the army of tramps roaming the country like outcasts, feared by many and shunned by all; talk to those you meet and it will be found that four-fifths, if not more of them, come from the great labor-saving machine sections of the country. In the creation of this army of tramps the machine has not been the sole factor, but it has had a mighty influence.

The tramp is not studied as he should be, he is therefore not comprehended as he should be. He is shunned, despised, an outcast, but there is dynamite in him. All he needs is a clean shirt and a clean face to inspire him with a little self-respect, a few good square meals to make him feel like a man, and a bold leader to become a revolutionist and demand where he had begged.

We had a striking illustration on a small scale of the latent power in the tramp in the consternation created by Coxey's gang and the contingents which headed last year from various sections of the country for Washington. They were few, most of them numbering not a hundred men, and yet we remember how the towns on the line of their march dreaded their coming, hastened to help them on their way and rejoiced at their departure. We remember the concern their coming caused at Washington, the precautions taken to guard against violence, and the scenes that were enacted after the entrance of the Coxey gang into the city, how they defied the authorities and were finally cowed into submission by the strong arm of force behind which bayonets stood waiting the command to move.

* * *

These were simply little bands of stragglers, who didn't know what they wanted, under the lead of cranks who lacked the ability to lead and the nerve to dare, and didn't know what they wanted. Suppose there had been fifty thousand of them under a brainy, nervy leader who did know what he wanted, one backed by lieutenants of the same mould who knew what they wanted, what would the injunction "keep off the grass" have amounted to?

There are probably a hundred thousand regular tramps in the country, and a half million or more semi-tramps, that is, men who work for wages barely enough to purchase the necessaries of life and are on the verge of tramphood, if we may use this expression. It would take but little to induce these to cast their lot with the wandering tramp, if the hope were held out that they could thereby better their condition.

We have had illustrations of this in strikes accompanied by riots and the destruction of property and loss of life, and a memorable one in the railroad strike at Chicago, where a few thousand men under bold leaders for weeks paralyzed the internal commerce of a large section of the country and kept it paralyzed until the strong arm of the Federal Government was invoked and came to the rescue.

These examples show what might happen under circumstances when this dangerous element might be concentrated and directed with method and ability.

Whilst machinery takes the place of labor, the gates of the sea stand open and other labor comes in to crowd out the labor here and make more tramps, and make more difficult the solution of the tramp problem, one which has never received the attention it should have received and probably never will until the tramps become so numerous, so assertive and so troublesome that organized society will be compelled to give the subject serious attention and do something to protect itself from the organized tramp. Machinery and machine-statesmanship have given us the tramp. It will take real statesmanship to relieve us of him. It is done in some countries; it can be done in this.

MINOR MENTION.

Last Saturday the Senate devoted the day to delivering eulogies on the life of Senator Vance, one as deserving of honorable tribute as any Senator who ever sat in that Chamber. These eulogies were eloquent, and what is more, they were truthful, which is not always the case, and the order was conducted with proper decorum. On the same day the House of Representatives paid tribute to the memory of the late Representative Lisle. It got itself into a solemn frame of mind to engage in these solemn proceedings by engaging for some time preceding them in a monkey and parrot racket in which the mace of the Sergeant-at-Arms had to be invoked to prevent some of the members from getting into each other's hair, the Speaker's gavel being utterly powerless to restore order. The Speaker was so disgusted and nettled that he administered this cutting and centershot rebuke: "Gentlemen should remember that this is the House of Representatives of the United States and their self-respect should compel them to conform to the usages of a parliamentary body." With this rebuke ringing in their ears, and the Sergeant-at-Arms's mace presented to view, order was restored and the suppressed rioters proceeded to pay tribute to the memory of their deceased colleague. Isn't this a pretty picture? It was an insult to the memory of the dead and a shocking burlesque in the eyes of the living, but strikingly illustrating the respect in which these formal obsequies are held by the majority of those who participate in them, a formality which, ordinarily speaking and in at least nine cases out of ten, would be as much or "more honored in the breach than in the observance."

* * *

Every new currency scheme proposed during this session of Congress which meets with whole or partial favor from the Eastern bankers provides for retiring the greenbacks and other demand notes payable, according to the practice of the Treasury, in gold, and issuing bonds. The bankers are in favor of both, because the retiring of about $500,000,000 of this paper would contract the volume of currency to that extent and raise interest. They, are in favor of issuing bonds, because bonds are a good investment, not only because they draw interest payable in gold, but are as good collateral for money as can be furnished. The bonds in their vaults are to all intents and purposes practically as good as that much money, if not better, for they draw interest right along while the money locked up would not. No scheme yet proposed which provides for an increase in the volume of the currency has been favored by them save the increase provided for by provisions authorizing them to issue notes to the full face value of the bonds they have on deposit, which puts the increase in their hands and entirely in their control. So far the effort at currency reform has been a struggle of the banks and their representatives on the one side and the people and their representatives on the other, with the banks on top and likely to stay there.

* * *

The Columbia, S C, *State* commends the action of the Richland County Alliance in agreeing to make the farm self-sustaining and to plant cotton only as a surplus crop. It doubts, however, that this agreement will be observed, any more than similar agreements which have been heretofore made by other alliances in that State. That there is ground for this apprehension is shown by the record of the past and is borne out by the statement of a correspondent of the Atlanta *Journal*, published in the STAR Sunday morning, that the planters in the section of Georgia from which he wrote were each preparing to plant a big crop of cotton under the impression that

IDEAS GIVEN TO SOCIETY.

Miss Ella Garrison and Her Bureau of Social Requirements.

"My dear," says Mr. Charlton Judd, "we really ought to give a card party or a reception or something. We've been going and going ever since we moved here, and it's time we returned some of the courtesies we have received."

"Yes, of course we must," agrees the feminine dear appealed to. "I feel that we can't put it off any longer, but I dread it. There's so much to think of and arrange if the entertainment is to be an entire success. There are the table decorations, the china, the flowers and the menu. If we have dancing, there are the favors to be arranged, or else we must have somebody to sing or read or do something to entertain the guests. Then I must have a new gown, and the girls too. It seems a terrible undertaking, but I suppose I must go through with it," and the prospective hostess sighs as she thinks of her many responsibilities.

The time has come when Mrs. Charlton Judd or Mrs. Anybody Else who wishes to entertain may do so without giving herself the slightest trouble. She has simply to apply to the "bureau of social requirements," put the affair in the hands of its managers, and the dinner, tea, cotillon or reception will come off without further effort on her part. In starting this bureau Miss Ella Garrison entered a new field in the range of occupations for women. There are caterers, of course, and scores of florists ready to do their part toward the success of a private entertainment, but never before in New York has a hostess been able to resign to a bureau the entire management of a party from the composition of the menu and the design for the cards of invitation to suggestions as to her own toilet. Miss Garrison has at her command a staff of chefs ready to concoct dainty dishes and butlers whose dignified deportment will add splendor to any entertainment. She proposes to furnish unique designs for the arrangements at weddings and to show blushing brides how to advance gracefully to the altar. She will devise ideas for children's parties, and she will invent new favors for cotillons. She will furnish artists to sing, play, read or recite for the entertainment of guests and will undertake to think for the lady of the house regarding every detail about which the slightest concern might be felt. In short, she will take all care off the hostess' shoulders and enable her to mingle with her guests with a light heart.

There is another branch of the bureau of social requirements which will tend to relieve the mistress of many a handsome home of worry and responsibility. This department is described in the dainty little lavender pamphlet which the bureau sends out as "the dismantling and rearrangement of houses." When a family is to be absent from the city during the summer months or wishes to put aside the many articles that make the indoor life of winter so attractive the manager of the bureau will send workwomen and go herself to superintend the swathing of the furniture in linen. In the autumn it will be her province to take off the wrappings and restore the various articles to their places.

Another department that receives the bureau's attention is "information on all points of social life." Many subtle problems that are as a sealed book to the uninitiated will be made plain on application to the manager. These include such questions as "How long a time should or should not elapse before paying a first call?" and "What should determine precedence in the matter of seats at dinner?" Perhaps even the kinds of forks and spoons to be used for certain courses may puzzle one who has never paid much attention to such matters. The bureau will solve all such problems.

"What first suggested such a business to you?" asked a reporter who found Miss Garrison duly installed at her desk.

"I have been doing this sort of thing unconsciously all my life," was the reply. "My friends have always come to me for ideas and suggestions when they wanted to decorate a table prettily, get new hangings for a room, give a card party or anything of the kind. If any one in the family was to be married, my invention was taxed to get up something distinctive and new, either for the wedding raiment or the fashion in which the ceremony should be conducted. I have often been called on to give a suggestion as to the color, material and style of making most likely to suit certain of my friends who were in doubt as to a new dress, and now that the time has come when I want to be self supporting, it seems to me that I had best make a business of what I had always been a pleasure. I know more about texture and colors, house decorations, social forms and customs than I know about anything else, so I have determined to make my capital of that."

Miss Garrison is a sweet faced young woman, with the air and manner of a person accustomed to mingle with the world. The eldest daughter in a home where entertainments were frequently given, she learned in her father's house the art of conducting social affairs gracefully and successfully, and on account of financial difficulties she now proposes to put her knowledge to practical use. Everything about the bureau is in lavender—that is the "note" that permeates the place—and the young lady's desk has fresh flowers on it constantly, the tribute of friends who appreciate the manner in which she has met misfortune which would make most girls lean upon the first strong arm that offered. Miss Garrison is a disciple of Ruskin and believes in the dignity of labor.

"There are those in my family who would gladly relieve me of care, but I prefer to be independent," she says simply, and then she adds that she is enjoying her new and engrossing occupation very much.—New York Sun.

Dr. Mary V. Mitchell Green, late of the Woman's college, Baltimore, has been appointed director of the Somerville gymnasium at Swarthmore college. She will have as her assistant Marian Hunter of the Boston Training School for Swedish system.

Mrs. L. A. Starkweather of Kansas City, one of the first women solicitors of life insurance, says she finds no difficulty in inducing women to insure. It is much easier than to insure men. Last month she wrote $211,000 on the lives of women.

Miss Willard is at present in Boston, preparing her annual address and attending to the multitudinous duties of her many responsible positions. She is recovering from a recent attack of bronchitis.

When an elder down comfort has got hard and lost all its elasticity, hang it in the balmy sun for a few hours, and all the life will come back to it.

Miss Carrie Harrison, until recently assistant curator of the National herbarium, is now pursuing special scientific studies in Wellesley college.

In lighting a candle the match should be held to the side of the wick and not over the top.

FOR SALE.

OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN ANY QUANTITY, suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale 25 cents per hundred. ap 21 tf STAR OFFICE

CURRENT COMMENT.

— That is an inspiring spectacle in North Carolina of a mongrel combination between Populists and Republicans by which each party gets a United States Senator. The Grand Old Party must feel very proud of such triumphs as that.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

— On the heels of the fact that a Populist United States Senator recently called for beefsteak and truffles in the Senate restaurant comes the discouraging revelation that Mr. John Burns, M. P., was guilty of "eating turtle soup and hobnobbing with millionaires" while aboard the steamship Etruria. Two such instances happening so close together leave room for the fear that a "decline and fall off" of public spirit had set in among the magnates of homespun and plain language.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of, perhaps, Wayne county's oldest citizen, the venerable Edmund Coor, occurred at his home in Fork township Thursday, aged 85 years.

— Yadkin *Ripple*: There is a rumor to the effect that an electric railroad is in project to run from Donnaha by East Bend, Yadkinville, Eagle Mills and to Statesville. It is intended to make the Yadkin and smaller water courses along the route furnish the power.

— Winston *Sentinel*: John F. Myers, of Rockingham county, Va., shipped to Roanoke recently, by express, the largest hog ever raised in that section, it being 8 feet 4 inches long from tip to tip, and 4 feet 4 inches high; weighing 1,080 pounds. The animal was four years old. It was one-fourth White Chester and three-fourths Poland China.

— Charlotte *Observer*: The Populists, it seems, have decreed that Mecklenburg shan't have good roads. They approve distinctly of roughing it. A circular letter has gone abroad over the State from the Populist executive committee and will be presented to the Legislature, asking that body not to pass the bill known as the "road petition," authorizing Mecklenburg to issue bonds for road improvement.

— Durham *Sun*: Last evening, something after 6 o'clock, Jordan Laws, 17 years old, and John Guess, the 9 year old son of Frank Guess, both colored, were fooling with his old 32-caliber rim-firing pistol, when the weapon, in the hands of Laws, fired. The ball entered in three-fourth postern to his arms and went in an upward direction, perhaps going through the bladder and winding intestines. It is a serious wound. To-day he is in a very precarious condition.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The Farmers' Alliance Exchange store at Liberty, Randolph county, closed its doors Friday under execution. They carried a large stock of goods. —Jack Snelburn and two other revenue men went out last night after dark with their Winchesters and some time during the night after a considerable ramble in the dark, ran upon a still under which the fires were still burning. It was big one, and was located about twelve miles north of Durham, on Flat river. They destroyed the still and poured out about 2,000 gallons of beer. They made no arrests.

TWINKLINGS.

— Inquisitive Tommy—Say, pa, what is sic transit?

Intelligent Parent—Sic transit? Why, an ambulance wagon, of course.—*Texas Siftings.*

— One of Boston's Amusements. —"After a long spell of wearing rubbers, leaving them off is as enjoyable as a joke whispered to you in prayer time at church."—*Transcript.*

— Mother—You are at the foot of the spelling class again are you?

Boy.—Yes'm.

How did that happen?

I got too many z's in scissors.—*Good News.*

— "Paw," said Tommy, looking up from the evening paper, "what is the specious argument?"

"A specious argument," said Mr. Figg, "is one the editor does not know how to answer."—*Cincinnati Tribune.*

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs, without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. *After beginning to take them I felt better!* I continued taking them and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer."

E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SPINAL Weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. Sold by all Druggists. june 15 1y D&W fri su wed changedally

A Going Away Gown.

A child "going away" gown for a bride is a rich, deep moss green crepe cloth, the skirt being untrimmed, save for an embroidered arabesque in front at the foot, done in tiny turquoises and jets with silver thread. The bodice is of black moire, veiled all over with black chiffon in soft folds, to which is added the very French touch of three narrow stripes of yellow lace insertion from the collar and shoulders, converging at the crushed belt of moire that is set off with pert little upstanding bows. The collar is also a crushed standing band of moire. The sleeves are puffs of the green cloth over velvet forearm sleeves edged with chinchilla. The wrap is a youthful looking double circular cape of green velvet, the shorter cape of which is embroidered to match the skirt, and there is a third cape of chinchilla, one-third the depth of the longer velvet one. The hat is of velvet, the piquant upturned front a mass of embroidery, with two sumac blossom shaped pompons thrust carelessly through the gemmed garniture.

A New Candidate.

Mme. Dandurand is a lady who has recently written a paper on the influence of women's clubs on Canadian life. In this article she said something which ought to be written in letters of gold and hung on the walls of every woman's club in Christendom. She begged all societies to admit a new candidate to membership—gayety. "I crave you," she said, "not to give it an ill reception. It is such a good child. And then it has wrongfully been accused of being too superficial. I am aware that there is no affinity between it and pedantry, but it is also true that the daughter of wit is at heart on the best terms with science. A genial demeanor seems to accord best with the nature of women, who are never pardoned when they usurp the serious gravity of the strong sex. The muses are anything but morose. Apollo is the most charming among the gods. If the divine sisters were all to resemble the grave Minerva, and if the son of Phœbus thought of distinguishing himself as a stern mentor, the temples would soon be deserted."

Mrs. Harriet B. Kells.

The Union Signal announces the retirement of its well known editor, Mrs. Harriet B. Kells, who for three years has conducted the contributed and household departments. In the variety and piquancy which she introduced upon these pages as well as in her own contributions her special gifts have been displayed. Her winsome personality, devotion and enthusiasm in the white ribbon cause have endeared her to her coworkers in Chicago, who bid her godspeed in her future undertakings. Mrs. Kells regretfully resigned her position on The Union Signal in order to engage in business in the south, where the climate is more conducive to her health. She is located at present at Fort Worth, Tex. We shall hope that her return to the sunny south will help the movement in that part of the country, which ought to take the lead in the woman suffrage movement.—Boston Woman's Journal.

Foot Photography.

A fad over across the sea is to have your foot photographed as well as your hand or face—that is, if you are lucky enough to possess one blessed with artistic curves and outlines. A prominent society woman, on her return from Paris several months ago, exhibited to a roomful of admiring friends the sweetest, daintiest little plaster cast of a foot, which, she declared, was a counterpart of her own, made by a sculptor of world-wide fame. She was at that moment having a life size one carved in marble to be mounted on coarse velvet, and several small ones, one-half the size, struck off in different shades of pale pink, blue and old rose. The extraordinary popularity of "Trilby" has helped to direct attention to our humblest member and now the women of New York are experimenting to see whether they have insteps that "water will flow under," a sure sign of blue blood.

Too Much New Woman.

Commenting on the number of new novels that have the new woman for a theme, the Literary Lounger in the London Sketch remarks that the novelists are doing their best to make us abhor the "woman." We shall abhor the thing itself, he says, if they go on in their present fashion. But they are, as a whole, sensitive to a revulsion of feeling on the part of the public and perhaps may be trusted to change their subject and their tone, and so prevent a reaction that would mean a run of fiction with the women's parts omitted altogether. The end of the new woman novels is probably to be seen in their rapidly increasing number as well as in the fact that they have got into particularly unskillful hands.

Handled the Office Successfully.

Every one knows the complexity of the business of a large telegraph office and the multiplicity of details requiring constant supervision. When Manager F. M. Greene took a fortnight's well earned vacation recently, he left the business affairs of the Western Union office in Toledo in sole charge of Miss Cora E. Hart. He returned to find that matters had been running without a jar during his absence. Miss Hart's sagacity and business experience enabled her to handle the complex duties devolving upon her most successfully.

Two South Dakota Women.

Miss Ivy Kinyon and Miss Maud Howard of Lymon county are two young ladies in whom the people of South Dakota recognize the stuff of which good citizens are made. These ladies filed on homesteads in the ceded Sioux lands in February, 1893, and since that time have made the necessary improvements on their claims, paid the expense of making monthly trips to Plankinton, a distance of 50 miles, where they had office work, besides saving enough money to pay for their land.

A Brilliant Student.

Miss Llewela Davies, a Welsh lady, a native of Brecon, is the third lady who has gained the Charles Lucas medal for composition at the Royal Academy of Music. Her predecessors who were thus distinguished were Miss Dora Bright and Miss Ethel Boyce. Miss Llewela Davies' musical career as a student has been a brilliant and successful one, almost without a parallel. She has won five yearly musical prizes since 1887, not counting her success this year.

Some Chicago Voters.

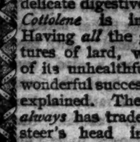
Mrs. Charles Perrine, aged 81, was one woman who registered early in Chicago. She expressed her gratification at being able to vote at last, if only for university trustees. She was accompanied to the place of registration by her daughter, Mrs. M. Kate Reed, associate editor of The Banner of Gold. Mrs. Reed's name also went on the books. Mrs. David Miller, aged 77, was accompanied by her husband and four sons, a family party of six voters.

Swedish Girls' Education.

A number of higher girls' schools in Sweden have received grants from the government. These grants are both numerous and handsome and will be given for the three years—1894, 1895 and 1896—on the condition that a certain number of pupils shall be instructed at each school, either free of charge or for a nominal fee. This will no doubt be found a great boon, for the higher girls' schools in Sweden are comparatively expensive.

Many Persons

Cannot touch food prepared with lard, and yet all such people can eat *freely* of food shortened with, or cooked (even fried) in COTTOLENE. For dyspeptics, and those with delicate digestive powers, *Cottolene* is invaluable. Having *all* the good features of lard, with none of its unhealthfulness, its wonderful success is easily explained. The genuine *always* has trade mark—steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every pail.



Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th su chan e

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotinized nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by R. R. BELLAMY & Co. under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago. †

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no besitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2¼ lb Jute		@	6
Standard		7¼@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½@		14
Sides ₩ lb	8¾@		10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6¾@		7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6¼@		
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New North River, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	@	25
Northern	25	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	58
Virginia Meal	55	@	57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6½		6¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	25
EGGS— ₩ dozen		@	20
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	3 50	@	3 50
" Extra	3 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" Family	3 25	@	
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@		10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	50@		60
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	52@		60
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	50@		60
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas		@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½@		9@
North Carolina	6½@		9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West Indies cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" in bbls		@	37
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 25
OILS, ₩ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard		@	65
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	18
Tar		@	20
Deck and Spar		@	25
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	20	@	25
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 25	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@14	00
Rump		@14	00
Prime		@14	00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60	@	70
" " (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@	1¾
Cuba		@	1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
" 125-₩ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grans'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	5@6	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@	9 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	10	@	
Burry		@	

— Smallwort—I hear that Mrs. Lease is going to California. I wonder if the climate will agree with her?

Ford—It will if it knows its business.—*Cincinnati Tribune.*

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 27 cents per gallon. Sales at quotations.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. for Strained and $1 05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON—Dull.

Ordinary	3¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	3¾ " "
Low Middling	4 9-16 " "
Middling	5 " "
Good Middling	5 5-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,568 bales
Spirits Turpentine	284 casks
Rosin	1,497 bbls
Tar	521 bbls
Crude Turpentine	4 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 21—Evening—Money on call was easy to-day at 1@1¼ per cent., with last loan at 1 per cent., and closing offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 488@488¼ for sixty days and 488¾@489 for demand. Commercial bills 487@487¾. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 113¼; United States twos 97. State bonds firm; North Carolina fours 100. North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds weaker.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 60¼@60¾.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK January 21—Evening—Cotton—middling gulf 6c, middling uplands 5¾c.

Futures closed barely steady; sales of 97,000 bales; January 5.48c; February 5.47c; March 5.52c; April 5.55c; May 5.58c; June 5.63c; July 5.68c; August 5.70c; September 5.70; October 5.80c.

Net receipts 1,988 bales; gross receipts 6,208 bales; exports to Great Britain 15 bales; exports to France 949 bales, exports to the Continent 3605 bales; forwarded 2,410 bales; sales 552 bales, sales to spinners 482 bales; stock (actual) 148,078 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 42,676 bales, exports to Great Britain 5,504 bales; exports to France 949 bales; exports to the Continent 15,958 bales; stock 1,044,984 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 70,778 bales; exports to Great Britain 30,657 bales; to France 14,217 bales; to the Continent 26,799 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,772,440 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,128,898 bales; exports to France 876,281 bales; exports to the Continent 1,515,353 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour quiet and barely steady at prices—winter wheat, low grades $2 05@$2 40; fair to fancy grades $2 50@2 95, patents $2 75@3 30; Minnesota clear $2 80@3 70; patents $3 40@3 95; low extras $2 05@3 60. Southern flour dull and weak, common to fair extra $2 10@3 00; good to choice do. $3 10@3 50. Wheat dull, lower; options closing steady. No 2 red in store and at elevator 59¼@59½c; afloat 61c; options more active and excited at the close and weak at 1¾@1⅝c decline; No. 2 red January 59½c; February 59¼; March 60¼c; May 60¾. Corn dull, lower and weak; No. 2 at elevator 49@49¼c; afloat 50¼@50¾c; options were more active and 1¾@1⅞c lower, closing weak; January 49¼c; February 49¼c; May 49½c. Oats dull and weaker; options more active; January 33¼c; February 33c; May 33¼c; spot—No. 2, 34¼@34½c; mixed Western 34@35c. Hay quiet; choice steady; shipping 80@85c; good to choice —. Wool moderately active and steady; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@23c; Texas —c. Beef dull; family $10 00@11 50; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet at $17 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $15 00@16 00. Cut meats quoted dull; pickled bellies 5¾@5¾c; pickled shoulders 4½@4¾c; pickled hams 8@8¼c. Lard quiet and lower; Western steam $6 87½ bid; city $6 35@6 37½; futures nominal; refined quiet; Continent $7 40; South America $7 65; compound $5 25@5 37½. Pork quiet and steady; mess $12 75@13 00. Butter dull and weaker; State dairy

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM

Mr. J. C. Sloan, of Fulton, Arkansas, says of [redacted]:

"About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and began using S. S. S. After taking several bottles I was entirely cured and able to resume work. S. S. S. is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

dec 13 1y we fr su

MAGNETIC NERVINE.

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Misery, Insanity and Death; Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Leucorrhœa and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

T. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building.
For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN.
ap 2 D&W 1y ch sat Wilmington N. C.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

GOLDEN-EYE WAX BEANS

Bidding pods set the ground, keeping vines and foliage are remarkable. Pods are uniform in size, handsome in appearance, tender and delicious. Packet 10 cents; 1/2 pint 15 cents; pint 25 cents; quart 40 cents; peck $1.25; bushel $4.00, postpaid. We offer them at the low price of $4.00 per bushel; and keep well supplied. Send for illustrated descriptive catalogue.

One of the best and most profitable Wax Snap Beans in cultivation for the Truck or Market Gardener. Vines stand up well, productive, vines clean and easy to pick. Prices of other SNAP Beans low. WRITE FOR TRUCKER'S PRICE LIST AND DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

dec 25 D&t tu th st W&t

JOHN H. HANBY,

GENERAL

Contractor and Builder.

Having retired from Railroad service, I am now in a position to offer my services to my friends and the public in general, and will conduct in future the business of contracting for

All kinds of Buildings, & Repairs to Same,

Pile Driving, Wharf Building, Foundations for Buildings and Heavy Machinery, Bridges, etc.,

specialty.

Office at Divine & Chadbourn's, 10 Market street. Residence 115 South Sixth street. Jan 6 1m

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for

Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.

Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

Sale of Land for Taxes 1894.

The following Lots, Pieces and Parcels of Land, levied upon will be sold at Public Auction, at the Court House of the County, on Monday, Feb. 4th, 1895, at 12 o'clock, M., to satisfy the unpaid Taxes due the State of North Carolina and the County of New Hanover, for the Year 1894, together with the costs and expenses due thereon.

FRANK H. STEDMAN, Sheriff.

Jan. 8th, 1895.

NAME.	Block	LOT.	Taxes and Costs.
Amy, Addie	224	e m 1	3 06
Amy, Burwell	224	e m 1	4 83
Anderson, Mrs Rebec B	840	all 2	10 10
Anderson, Wm	58	e ½ and 4	8 03
Andrews, heirs Alex	149	e 6½	3 62
Ashe, Richard	81	m 1½	6 76
Ashe, Simon	326	e 1 2	5 06
Austin, Henry	134	e m 1	5 26
Alexander, Enoch	36	all 2	3 94
Ashe, Mollie A	908	e 3	3 06
Adrian & Vollers	359	w 5	2 01
Ancrum, Mrs Burbon	324	w ½ 1	5 26
Barefield, General	397	pt 2 3	5 26
Barefield, George	149	e ½ 4	5 70
Barnett, Mary E	109	w ½ 3	7 03
Bated, Isaac	109	w 5	58 94
do	179	w ½ 5	1 74
Battle, Jos	309	e 3 4	3 94
Bennett, heirs John	309	e m 5	5 26
Bennett, Maria J	295	m 1 2	5 26
Berry, John	941	e ¾ m 5	7 03
Bishop, Ephrim	258	e m 1 2	4 38
Blackwell, Martha J	388	w 5	3 06
Blain, Mrs Carrie	45	e ½ 5	
Blount, Hannah	359	n e ¼ 4	6 18
do	359	e 4 5	6 68
Boddie, Frank	136	e 8	3 72
Bond, heirs Sophia	327	e m 5	20 66
Bonham, C M	153	w 1 2	5 70
Boon, Mrs Jane	294	n e 4 5	
Boon, Thomas	588	w ½ 3	6 82
do	98	m 5 6	2 82
Bowens, Stephen	198	w 3	3 06
Broadhurst, Edward	106	n w 5	1 65
Brown, Alex	56	s e ¼ 4	
Brown, heirs Alfred	370	e m 1 2	9 42
do	370	m 1	1 53
Brown, J H	668	e ½ 6	
Brown, Mrs Kate	326	e ½ 2	
do	309	e ½ 2	
do	191	e ½ 1 2	
do	326	e ½ 3	
do	188	s w 3	
do	188	e m 3 4 5	
do	45	e ½ 5	
do	359	n e ¼ 4	71 54
do	338	w 1 2 3 4 5	4 83
Brown, Lavinia	310	w 3 3	
Benard, Francis	49	w ¼ 4	
do	84	all 5 6	7 86
do	564	all 5 and 6	6 14
do	169	s m 3 4 5	9 66
Brunson, Robert	98	m 1 and 2	
Bryant, David	118	e m 3	
do	118	n e ¼ 4	
do	131	e 1 2 3	
do	96	w m ¼ 6	46 08
Bunting, Mrs E V	218	s e ¼ 4	19 98
do	268	n w ¼ 2	2 18
Barke, heirs Amelia	337	w 1 3	3 06
Burnett, Sarah	148	e 6	1 74
Byrd, A J	69	w 1	6 58
Byrd, Monroe	854	n w 3	
Bowden, H M	409	all	3 98
do	409	e 1	35 90
Bowden, Mrs A E	195	e 4 5 6	19 90
Bowden, heirs D H	169	e m 1 2	17 14
Bowden, Mrs M C	184	w 2	9 22
Brown, Adam	224	w ¼ 5	19 90
Boykin, Mrs Julia	169	w 1 2	3 50
Bradley, David C	371	e m 5	3 06
Burnett, Mary E	339	w m 1 2 3	3 94
Boon, Margaret A	195	e 2	3 50
Brown, Charles	38	s e ¼ 2	1 74
Benton, China	884	¼ int. in s w m 1	1 58
Bogan, Andrew	88	e e 2	1 74
Bradley, Mary	79	e 1 2	3 50
Campbell, Joseph	554	w 1 2	2 62
Cape Fear S E Fire Co	69	w m 5 6	4 38
Carraway, Laura L	175	m 1 2	9 10
Carlyon, Mrs E	279	e 1 2	
Clark, Hattie C	89	e 1	
do	63	e m 2	9 20
Clinton, heirs Melvina	218	n w 1	5 26
Coles, Alex & Rosetta	398	e m 5	4 16
Collins, Sarah A	398	e ¼ 6	4 82
Collier, S P, trustee	243	e ½ 5 & pt w ¼ 5	4 82
Connor, Wm & Zilpha	84	w 5 and 6	3 94
Conway, Rev A M	211	e m 1	7 03
Costin, Jane E	104	e 1	5 70
Costin, Miles F	118	e m 1	5 70
Cotton, W H	398	e 3	3 06
Cowan, heirs Sam	326	e ½ 3	5 70
Crandall, Lenora	149	n e 5	5 70
Thomas, Elizabeth	132	e ½ 5 and 6	
Cutlar, DuBrutz, Jr	26	n e ¼ 2	
do	533	w ½ 5	
do	349	pt w ¼ 5	
do	80	n e ¼ 1	14 88
do	174	pt 3 4 5	
do	219	w 5	56 28
do	192	w 1	9 22
do	192	w ½ 3	1 43
do	583	n w 2	2 03
Cutlar, heirs F J	119	n w 4	5 26
do	119	e ½ 6 6 ¾	5 26
Cutlar, Mrs Louisa B	119	e m 1 2	3 50
Chappel, Henrietta	46	w m 4 5 6	2 71
Clawson, Thomas	269	w 5	2 36
Colvin, James	129	e m 1 2	37 90
Davis, Peter, Adm	456	m 1 2 3 4 5	3 94
Davis, James H	45	e ½ 4	5 38
Davis, John Henry	46	w m 4 5 6	3 94
Davis, heirs Louisa	269	w 5	3 06
Davis, Margaret L	139	e m 1 2	3 06
Davis, Mrs Sally J	456	m 1 2 3 4 5	37 90
do	45	e ½ 4	3 94
Davis, heirs Tony	46	w 6 6	5 38
Davis, Wesley	108	e m 1 and 2	12 30
DeRosset, Mrs Ruth	228	e 4 5	2 72
Devane, Rev W M	258	w 1	3 06
Dixon, heirs Jesse	93	n e 6	1 74
Dixon, Mrs Nancy	269	e ½ 2	4 82
Dixon, Mrs Sophia	269	e ½ 1 2	4 82
Dosher, Adolphus	269	e ½ 2	12 38
Dudley, A A	228	w 1 2 3	6 58
Durham, James	146	e 6 6½	7 03
Durham, Hattie	85	s w ½ 5	3 50
Dudley, heirs J W	226	n e ¼ 3	3 06
Durant, heirs James	349	w 5 and m w 5	3 06
Deterding, Lavinia	263	e m 3 4	1 65
Ellerbee, Rev B K	56	n e ¼ 4	2 62
Ellison, Alex	125	¾ 8 int. in lot 3	2 62
Empire, S G	98	e m 1 5	3 41
Evans, Cornelius	269	w 1 2	2 62
Evans, John	37	n w ¼ 5	
Evans, heirs Julius	226	w ¾ 4	5 11
do	196	w ¾ 4	9 12
Evans, heirs Charlotte	76	e m 2	7 02
Ellers, Mrs Rebecca	81	w m 1 2	3 34
Edwards, heirs Dolly	59	m 5 and 6	1 74
Eborn, heirs Betsey	349	w m 3	5 38
Enneh, George	51	w 3	3 50
Farrow, Mrs Mary E	536	e e 2	3 09
Furguson, Sally	206	e m 1 2	3 94
Forbes, heirs W H	207	e e ¼ 4	5 26
Foster, Sam	207	e 1	2 62
Freeman, Jacob	50	n w 1	1 74
Frost, Mrs Emma J	83	e e ¾ 5	
Flowers, Betsey	279	e 5	3 06
Galley, heirs Jas M	206	e ¾ 1 2 and pt 3	21 30
do	206	w ½ 2	8 34
Gardner, heirs Thos M	51	e ¾ 4	10 30
Gaskill, Rev S B	38	w 2	2 18
Gause, Caroline	243	w 5	4 60
Gause, Henry	327	e 2 3	3 06
Guten, heirs Judy	199	w m 3	
Grant, Mrs Anna and Miss F Lawton	177	e 2	81 78
do	161	e ¾ 2	6 14
do	279	w ¼ 2 3	
do	78	e 1 2 3	
Green, G W	31	w 4 5 6	5 46
Green Henry & J J Jones	36	w ½ 2	6 58
do	67	w m 5 6	3 50
Green, W Howe	33	w 1 2	2 18
Green, H & J E Thomas	46	w 5 6	2 10
Gause, Elizabeth	45	m 3 4	2 50
Gafford, heirs Mary	300	s w 3	10 10
Garrell, heirs Jacob	226	e 5 6 e 4	2 40
Gilbert, Mrs Sarah L	40	e m 5 6	3 06
Gordon, heirs London	81	w m 1 2	64 66
Grainger, heirs Moses	151	e 3	7 90
Haar, Mrs M C	941	w ¾ 5	
Hall, heirs Joe D	477	m 1	5 44
Hall, Richard F	350	e 3 4 5	2 18
do	518	m ¾ 5	2 10
do	459	e 2 3	3 50
Hall, W C	281	n w 3	6 14
Halsey, Chloe	198	all 5	3 06
Hamilton, heirs C	226	e 4 5	3 50
Hammond, heirs Caro'e	51	e w 4	38 29
Hardwick, Mrs Mary J	149	e 5	
Harris, heirs Caroline	54	all 6 and w ½ 4	
Harriss, Geo, Agent	527	all	
do	539	all	
do	18	all 1	
do	26	all 2 4	
do	38	all 5	
do	26	e ¾ 2 3 ¾ 1	
do	41	all 2 3 4 5	
do	400	all 2 3 and pt 4	
do	401	all 5 6 pt 4	
do	87	e ½ 5	
do	399	pt 2 3 4	
do	27	n w ¼ 4	
do	24	all 4	
do	25	all 2 6	
do	26	e 1	
do	40	all 1 2	
do	325	all 6 pt 5	
do	27	all 4	
do	28	all 1	
do	41	all 2	90 51
do	63	w ¾ 6	98 10
Harriss, Mrs Julia S	157	w 1 2 3	6 58
Harriss, W W Jr	487	w 1 2 3	3 06
Harney, Sophia	339	w 4 5	3 50
Hawes, Archie	60	n w ¼ 2	4 29
Harriss, W W	88	e ¾ 4	3 50
Harriss, Josephene	88	e m 1	2 38
Hawkins, Sally	46	s w 6	5 26
Herring, Geo T	568	w ¾ 4	9 00
Hewlett, Mrs F F	168	e m 4 5	5 70
Hill, Allen	947	e 3 4	3 50
Hill, Mary J & Lilly G	78	e 3 4	4 82
Hill, Sarah	68	w ¼ 4	
Hill, Mrs Vergil	175	e 2 4 5	7 06
do	97	e e ¾ 5	
Hodges, Mrs C P	191	e m 4 5 6	58 70
Holmes, F C	204	e ½ 3	3 18
Holmes, R F	204	e m 1	7 24
Holt, Mrs Margaret G	98	e pt 1	3 60
Holt, Julia	38	n e pt 2	
do	197	e pt 4 5	
Holt, heirs Thomas	300	w pt 4	14 02
Howard, Andrew	226	e ¾ 1	9 58
Howard, Elsie	299	n w ¼ 4	2 00
Howard, Washington	38	pt 5	3 94
Howe, Jno T	75	w m 1 2	12 06
Howland, heirs Sam	83	e ¼ 6	11 86
Huff, heirs Martha	73	n w ¼ 4	4 82
Hand Bros	248	e e pt 5	2 18
Haskins, heirs Jim	61	e pt 2 3	3 50
Harris, L H	254	e w ¼ 3	7 90
Harris, Mrs E L	204	e m 1	3 50
Harris, J H, Jr	98	e m	
Hanover Imp Co	146	pt 2 4 6 e ¼ 3 5 6	
Hanover Imp Co	146	w ¼ 4 5 6 m ¼ 6	12 94
Hill, Caroline S	188	w 1 2 3	3 61
Hosier, Caroline	188	s w 5	1 18
Howard, J W	188	e m 1 2	3 62
Howard, m S P	188	m 1 2	3 62
Howe, Josephine	188	s w 5	3 62
Holmes, R	304	e pt 1	4 38
Hill, Wille & Nancy W	89	pt 3 4	1 65
Huggins, Alex	288	w 5	3 06
Isler, Frank	288	w 1	9 18
Industrial M'f'g Co	87	e pt 1 2 3 4	54 10
Ivery, Caroline	119	n e 4	3 50
Jackson, Jno W	398	n e 3 3	10 70
Jacobs, Chas D	199	w pt 4 5	10 10
James, Geo H	64	e pt 1	2 71
James, Victue	326	e pt 4	2 82
James, heirs J T	326	e pt 4	6 66
Jarvis, Reuben	326	e pt 5	4 38
Jenkins, Emma	18	e m 4 5 6	3 06
Jenkins, J C	148	e m pt 1	1 85
Jenkins, J M	66	e m pt 1	3 06
Jenkins, Maria	199	m 1	3 06
Jenkins, Mrs Sally H	66	½ int in 4	1 85
Johnson, Mrs Alice	198	w m 4 5 6	27 70
Johnson, Mrs A M	54	w ¾ 4	5 70
Johnson, Mrs Jane	104	w m 5	3 50
Johnson, Robt	326	e pt 5	5 70
Johnson, Wright	326	w pt 1	7 62
Jones, Alfred	34	w m 1 2	
do	34	e w 3	
do	49	w m 1 2	
do	45	a e p 3	
do	47	e pt 6	
do	311	w m 6	
do	45	e e 3	
do	84	m pt 1 2	
do	60	w 1 1	29 90
do	31	pt 4 5 6	2 18
Jones, David R	307	e m 1	4 82
Jones, Lena	240	w pt 3	3 06
Jones, Moses, Jr	326	e m 4 ¾	3 06
Jones, Silas	326	e m 3	3 06
Jones, Ruthey	326	e pt 5	3 06
Jones, Wm & wife Eliza	267	m pt 5	3 62
Jones, Matilda	326	e m 5	3 62
Jones, James	326	e m 3 4 5	3 18
James, Wm	59	w pt 5	3 50
Jones, James	119	e e pt 4	5 26
Jones, C H	327	e 1 5 m 4 5	3 06
Jones, Patsey	240	e 3	3 06
Jordan, W A	30	e e pt 4	5 26
Keeley, D F	281	w p 4 5	3 94
Keeley, Minnie B	196	n w ¼ 4	3 94
Kenan, Mrs T J	498	w m 1 2 3	7 01
King, Ben	187	w pt 5	7 01
King, Mrs Mary E	51	a w 1 2 3	18 18
King, Mrs Marcha S	181	w pt 3	2 69
Kure, Hans A	101	e m 1 4 5	
Kelley, C L	271	w ¼ 1	
Kellogg, heirs Wm	80	e m 1	
do	80	e m 5 6	3 46
do	519	all 1	1 74
Key, Rich'	350	w pt 1	6 09
King, Rev Nants	326	e pt 2 3	2 88
King, E E	68	m 3 4	4 38
Lassiter, J L	108	w pt 5	3 94
Leroo, heirs Lucy A	127	w pt 4	3 62
LeBoo, Rachel	106	n e ¼ e ¼ 5	3 06
Lee, John	284	s w pt 4	3 06
Lee, Mrs J C	89	w m ¼ 1	3 06
Lewis, heirs Geo	327	e pt 4 and 5	3 06
Lewis, James	349	w m 1	3 06
Lewis, heirs John	66	e e ¾ 6	3 06
Livingston, B'rs Hamett	219	e m 1 2	3 06
Lloyd, Mike	394	w pt 2	3 06
Lloyd, heirs Robt	281	all 5	5 26
Loftin, Isaac	326	e m 1	3 06
Love, J G	326	e m 3 4	3 06
Lawrence, P N	518	a c 5	3 06
Leggett, Mrs Annie E	191	w pt 1	3 06
Malett, heirs Maria	946	e ¼ 5	3 06
Merrick, heirs Cynthia	206	a m 4	3 06
Merrick heirs Fred	376	w 5	2 82
Merrick, Marg't E	358	e m ¼ 4	4 38
Merrick, heirs Sam	213	a w ¼ 3	2 53
Merrick heirs Wm	279	e 4	3 50
Middleton, Lucy A	101	e m 6	5 26
Miller, C H	239	e ¼ 3	6 55
Miller, T C	74	e m 1 2	18 16
do	97	w m 5 6	8 78
Mitchell, Joseph	118	w ¼ 3	9 01
Mitchell, J W	80	e ¼ 1	5 70
Mitchell, heirs Lucy	296	s 4	9 88
Moor, J M	88	e ¼ 6	4 91
Moore, Mrs E J	282	e 3 4 5	6 01
Moore, James	459	w ¼ 4	1 74
Mosley, Abram	306	s and w ¼ 1	7 86
Mosley Alice M	229	e ¼ 4	6 93
Mosley, Geo	314	e 5	3 06
do	297	w 6	4 84
Moore, Wash	330	e 4 5	6 58
Mulfred, Mrs M A	149	e 1 2 3	1 58
Munford, H	104	e ½ 2	7 90
Muncey, Mrs H C & chd	566	w 6	4 83
Merrick, heirs Jesse	98	s w 1	3 06
Merrick, Maria	288	w ¼ 4	8 34
Meares, Mildred	213	w m 3 4	3 06
Merrick, Jane	297	n w ¼ 4	9 86
Miller, J C & H C G	9	86 pt 2	5 70
Moody, S M	174	e 3 4 5	3 91
Murray, Chas	277	e 1	5 26
Moore, W H	200	s w ¼ 1	1 31
McBryde, Susan A	131	pt 1 2	17 90
McNeil, John	179	w m 2 3	4 83
McArthur, J H	51	w 5	3 06
McCallum, H I	98	w ¼ 6	1 95
McCartney, R R	195	e 2	3 06
McDuffie, Jno W	293	m 3	3 06
McFarlane, Jno W	297	pt 2	3 94
McKeller, heirs Cathrine	297	w ½ 3	3 50
McNeil, Jas	210	e 1	3 06
McRae, Chas H	283	w m 4 5	3 06
Nash, Kate J	326	e 1	3 06
Nash, W H	264	w m 1	3 06
Nixon, Mrs Jane	197	w 1 2 3 4 5	3 06
do	360	e 4 5	3 06
do	847	e 6	3 06
Normant, Josephine	255	n w ¼ 3	3 06
Northrop, Jane, trustee	326	e 2	3 06
Nash, Henry	297	pt 2	3 06
Neal, Edward	297	w ½ 3	3 06
Neal, Jno W	210	e 1	3 06
Burney, heirs Elizabeth	283	w m 4 5	3 06
Christian, Lucretis	326	e 1	3 06
Reed, heirs Ezekiah	283	w m 1 2 3	3 06
Pennepacker, heirs E J	81	w ¼ 4	3 06
do	474	e 2 3 4	3 06
do	475	w 1 2 3 4 5	3 06
do	476	e 1 2 3 4 5	3 06
do	195	w ½ 2	3 06
do	160	e 1 2 3	3 06
Williams, P J	118	w 6	3 06
Oldenbuttle, Mrs R	288	½ e 3 4	3 06
Owens, Catharine	74	w ¾ 5	3 06
Payne, Lisbon	338	w m 5	3 06
Perkins, Anna	62	w m 1	3 06
Phillips, Lizzie	310	w 2	3 06
Pearce, Andrew	536	¼ 3	4 74
Pearson, heirs Jno	349	w 2 3	3 06
Polite, Abram F	478	e 4 5 6	1 74
Pope, Lucinda	536	e w ¼ 4	6 09
Price G W, guardian	240	e ¼ 3	
Price, Jas, Benny	290	w ¼ 5	20 98
do	159	w 4 5	7 90
Price, Sophia & Fannie S	337	n e ¼ 1	2 18
Pugh, heirs Jno H	326	e ¼ 4	3 50
Pearman, Margt	205	w 1	2 26
Reid, Julia P	146	e 4 5	3 94
Reid, heirs Am	249	w 1 2	15 38
Richardson, Jacob L	36	w m	3 06
Roberts, heir Lucy	111	e m ¼ 6	3 06
Robinson, Ann	234	e 4 5	3 06
Robinson, heirs Hagar	205	e 5	3 06
Robinson, Mrs M A	35	e 3 4	3 06
Rose, Patsy	59	w 5 6	3 06
Rush Sam'l E	349	e 4 5	3 06
Russ, heirs Harriett	117	e w ¼ 2	3 06
Russ, heirs Nelson	119	e w ¼ ¼ 2	3 06
Register, R B	227	w 3	3 06
Sampson, Hannah	306	w 3 4	3 06
Sampson, Henry	305	all 2	3 06
Sampson, Isabella	304	n w 1	3 06
do	76	e ¼ 2	3 06
Sampson, Sarah	223	p 4 5	3 06
Sanders, Florence	326	e m 4 5	3 06
Sauls, heirs Scipio	125	w 3 3	29 00
Scott, Peggrly	168	w m 1 2 3	7 90
Schulken, Mrs Alice	326	e m 4 5	4 38
Sellers, J D	309	e 4	4 38
Shepard, Davis	339	w 1	3 06
Sh pard, Mitchell	266	w 3 4	3 06
Sheridan, Jno A	255	w m 1	12 70
Sloan, Hester	254	e ¼ 1	3 50
Sloan, Josh N	83	e m 4 5	10 12
Smith, Maria	326	e 1 2 3 4 5	4 18
Smith Mrs Mary E	226	e 1 2 3	3 06
Smith, Sam	145	e 6 6½	6 58
Spicer, W H	296	e 1 2	3 06
Stanley, Wright	269	e 1	3 06
Stanker, Mrs F A L	81	a e 6	3 06
Steeness, Martha R	326	e 4	3 06
Stevenson, h'rs Mrs M J	306	w 3 4	3 06
Strause, Mrs Jesse	305	all 2	3 06
Strudwick, heirs Martha	304	n w 1	3 06
Sullivan, Abbie	79	e ¼ 2	3 06
Swann, Vrans	322	pt 4 5	3 06
Sikes, Jno	354	w 1	3 06
harpless, Selina	351	w 1	3 06
Stanford, heirs G W	209	w 3	3 06
Slaby, J S	69	e ¾ 5	3 06
Southerland, Mary	69	m 5	3 06
Smith, Joe	190	w 1	3 06
Taylor, Wm A R	190	w m 1 2	43 09
do	229	e 4 5	3 06
do	226	e 4 5	29 00
Taylor, heirs Henry T	125	w 2 3	7 90
do	168	w m 1 2 3	4 38
Thomas, Adolphus	226	e 1 2	5 26
Thomas, heirs Jno	309	e 4	4 38
Thomas, heirs Robt	339	w 1	3 06
Thompson, Jacob	266	w 3 4	3 06
Toomer, Nancy M	255	w m 1	12 70
do	254	e ¼ 1	3 50
Torrence, Amelia	83	e m 4 5	10 12
Tucker, heirs Flora O	226	e 1 2 3 4 5	4 18
Tucker, Laura	226	e 1 2 3	3 06
Turner, Jno H	145	e 6 6½	6 58
Thompson, Louisa	296	e 1 2	3 06
Turlington, Edgar E	277	w 3 4 5	3 50
Turner, heirs Jordan	226	e 4 5	3 06
Turner, Joseph	253	m 3	2 18
Union Aid Association	89	e 1 2 3	3 06
Voss, heirs J G	170	m 3 4	3 06
Vanderhoot, Edward	266	e e ¾ 5	3 06
Waddell, heirs Lucy A	226	e 5 6	3 06
Walker, Abel	211	e m 1	3 06
do	211	s e 1	7 45
do	88	e ¾ 6 pt 6	4 83
Walker, Stanira	283	n w 3	3 06
Warren, heirs Wm	88	n w ¼ 4	5 04
Washington, Thomas	226	w m 6	1 74
Watson, Isabella	349	w ½ 4	5 04
Wedge, heirs G H	309	n w ½ 2	5 38
White, R H	256	w 1	4 60
Whitney, heirs Josephus	79	pt 3	8 50
Williams, Ann	175	w 3 4 5	10 38
Williams, heirs L M	169	w m 1	1 74
Williams, Rosetta	78	e m 1	5 04
Williams, R McN	314	w m 5	5 94
Willis, Godfrey, Jr	60	w ½ 6	5 62
Wise, Jeffrey	226	w m 5	3 94
Wrigh't, h'r Mrs Blanche	288	n 5	3 06
Waldron, R S	295	e m 3 4	2 18
w alters, heirs Maria	307	e 2 3	2 40
Williams, Solomon	80	e e ¼ 2	3 70
Williams, Stephen H	80	w 2	4 38
Williams, Hulda	339	e 4 5	1 58
Wilso, Martha	145	e m 3 4	7 03
Watson, Miss J A	61	e ¼ 3	3 06
Yarboro, Mrs Annie E	88	e 1	5 70
Yates, heirs D N	205	s 1	7 90
Yopp, Mrs E H	104	w m 1	
Yopp, S F	203	e m 1	

CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP.

Brownell, T J	300	ad Burwin	5 70
Davis, Rachell H	2000	Rose Hill	20 64
Evans, Charlotte	59	Nixonville	3 94
Heilig, J G	300	Priggie Place	11 65
Hooper, Fred	1834	e j Sam Peoples	37 70
Lutterbourg, T S	498	Renfrow	3 99
Mallett, Wm	25	ad E Jones	3 06
Miller, C C	61	ad T F Hines	3 06
Moore, heirs Martha

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 22, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

A Decline in Prices of All Products on the Chicago Board of Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—May wheat opened from 57½@58 to 57⅜c; declined to 55⅝c, closing at 55⅞—⅝ under Saturday. Cash wheat sales were generally made at a decline of ¼@½c. from Saturday, but the nominal close had all the weakness of the futures.

Corn—It was a disastrous day for corn. May corn opened at 47½c., the low point was 45⅜@45½c, and the close 45½c.—1⅝c. under yesterday. Trading in cash corn was at prices ½c. under Saturday, the final nominal quotations being fully in sympathy with the decline in futures.

Oats—May oats closed 1c. under Saturday. Cash oats sold ½c. lower, and was 1c. lower than Saturday.

Provisions—There was absolutely no difference in the product market from the conditions existing in grain. Speculation was impressed by the slump in wheat, corn and oats, and followed the course of those markets. Large receipts of hogs was a further depressing feature. The close was 35c lower than Saturday for May pork, 10 and 10½c lower for May lard and 15c lower for May ribs.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, January 21.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined five to six points and closed barely steady, with sales of 97,000 bales. New Orleans advanced one point, but lost this and declined four points. Yarns in Manchester were quiet; cloths were dull. Liverpool declined one-half to one point, and recovered part of the loss, closing quiet and steady; the spot sales were 15,000 bales, at easier prices, though they showed no quotable change. Spot cotton here was easy at unchanged prices; sales of 432 bales for spinners Spot prices were generally unchanged at the South. The port receipts were 43,678 bales, against 53,458 this day last week and 28,314 last year; thus far this week 70,798 bales against 68,639 thus far last week. New Orleans' receipts tomorrow are estimated at 16,000 to 19,000 bales, against 14 361 last Tuesday and 13,268 last year. The decline to-day was due to lower prices in Liverpool, large crop estimates and liberal receipts, as well as more or less long selling and some hammering by the German element. Neill Bros., it is said, reiterated their estimate of 10,250,000 bales.

MASKED BURGLARS

Raided Houses in a Suburb of Baltimore.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

BALTIMORE, Jan. 21.—Four masked burglars visited Pikesville, a suburb of Baltimore, early this morning. They entered the house of A. Watts, who they thought had in his possession $3,400, money he had recently received from the sale of some property. Each of the desperadoes had two pistols. The Watts family, husband, wife and five children, were "rounded up" in one room. The husband fired a pistol point-blank and at close range at one of the men, but the ball missed its mark, and just as the pistol fired one of the gang struck Watts on the head from behind, felling him.

The thieves used all their persuasion and then tortured Watts to compel him to tell where his money was hidden, but he assured them that they had struck the wrong house. They visited every room in the place, Watts' store adjoining, and each thief fitted himself out in a new suit, hat and shoes. Then they returned to Watts' parlor and three of them had a dance while one played the mandolin. They finally left and visited several other houses in the neighborhood with more or less success and then disappeared. Lynching parties are now on the hunt.

CAME TO BLOWS.

A Fist Fight Between Aldermen of the City of Chicago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHICAGO, January 21.—The Republicans and Democrats came to blows in the council chamber to-night. Alderman Gallagher, Republican, was in the chair, and the members of his party, who are in the majority, tried to get passed an order reducing the police force. The Democrats were violent in their opposition, and made a rush for the doors, while Chairman Gallagher shouted the order was carried. The aldermen of the opposing parties came into physical contact at the doors and a fist fight followed. Alderman Lyman, Rep., struck Alderman Kelly, Democrat, a stunning blow in the face. The sergeant-at-arms, reinforced by three policemen who do duty in the council chamber, succeeded in restoring order and separating the combatants.

The Democratic Senators and Assemblymen of New Jersey held a joint caucus last night and unanimously agreed upon Allan G. McDermott as their candidate for U. S. Senator. The two Houses will take separate votes at noon to-morrow.

It is generally believed that U. S. Senator Geo. C. Perkins, will be reelected by the Legislature of California to-day.

The re-election of U. S. Senator J. N. Dolph by the Legislature of Oregon today is conceded.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 21.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29¼@30c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 85@1 40.

CHARLESTON, January 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; receipts 35 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 00; receipts 460 barrels.

SAVANNAH, January 21—Spirits turpentine steady at 27¼c for regulars; sales — casks; receipts (two days) 346 casks. Rosin firm at a decline on pales; sales about 15,000 barrels, including all grades.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

THE HAWAIIAN QUESTION DISCUSSED IN THE SENATE

On Lodge's Resolution For Annexation—The Senate Receded From Its Income Tax Amendment to the Urgent Deficiency Bill—Public Building Bills Considered in the Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—The Senate to-day entered promptly upon the discussion of the Hawaiian question—the minister from the young Republic occupying one of the front seats in the Diplomatic gallery, and being the most interested listener. The discussion was opened on a resolution offered by Mr. Lodge approving the dispatch of a ship of war to the Islands last Saturday and expressing the opinion that one should be kept there for the present; favoring the construction of a submarine telegraph cable from San Francisco to Honolulu, and declaring that "steps should be taken to secure possession of the Sandwich Islands by their annexation to the United States." This resolution was objected to on the Democratic side of the chamber, and went over under the rule till to-morrow. But then the resolution on the same subject, which Mr. Frye had offered on Saturday, was taken up and was the text for an important debate which lasted till the close of the morning hour, when the matter again went over. In this debate the President of the United States and the course pursued by the Administration in connection with the Hawaiian Islands found an advocate and defender in Mr. Gray, who asserted that the attitude of the Administration had been in exact accordance with the time-honored precedents of the United States for one hundred years, and that the President had, amid much clamor and distraction, maintained the honor and fame of the country. The opposite side of the question was represented by Senators Frye. Lodge and Hawley.

Mr. Frye made an effort to have a vote taken on his resolution, but objection was made by Mr. Mills. The subject, however, will come up again to-morrow.

The conference report on the Urgent Deficiency bill was also debated at length and finally the Senate voted to recede from its amendment on the subject of the income tax and to leave the bill in that respect the same as it came from the House.

An arrangement was made by unanimous consent for a vote on the Nicaragua Canal bill at 5 p. m. on Friday next, and the Senate at 5 p. m. adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Representative James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, was elected Speaker *pro tem.* of the House to-day in the absence of Speaker Crisp, who has gone to Asheville, N. C., to recuperate.

Mr. Catchings reported from the Committee on Rules a special order providing that after two hours' debate the previous question should be considered as ordered, and the House should proceed to vote on bills with reference to public buildings at Chicago, Paterson, N. J., Cumberland, Md., South Omaha, Neb., Brockton, Mass., Pottsville, Pa., and Newport, Ky.

The special order was agreed to, and under it the greater portion of the day was given up to consideration of the bills named. They were all passed. None of them excepting the Chicago bill carry appropriations. The Chicago Public Building bill was the subject of an interesting debate, Chairman Sayers, of the Committee on Appropriations, leading the opposition to the measure on the contentions that the present building was unsafe and inadequate as to space, as charged by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, and that a new building could not be completed within the time fixed by the bill. Several amendments, accepted by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, minimized these objections to some extent and the bill was finally passed by a vote of 179 to 51. The recent Hawaiian revolution was not aired in the House to-day. Mr. Boutelle endeavored to bring the matter before the House, but Democratic protests and the point of "no quorum" finally forced an adjournment until to-morrow at 3 55 p. m.

DEBS AND HIS FRIENDS

Admitted to Bail in the Sum of $2,000 Each.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Eugene V. Debs *et al.*, now in jail at Woodstock, Ill., under judgment of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois for contempt of court, will be admitted to bail in the sum of $2 000 each, conditioned on abiding the further order of the Supreme Court, pending the decision of the court upon the application for their release on a writ of *habeas corpus*. The order of the court was announced by Chief Justice Fuller, who said it had been approved by the majority of the court without naming the dissenting Judge. The rule demanding the Circuit Court to show cause why the writ of *habeas corpus* should not issue will be argued on Monday, March 25th. It was stated in court that the trial of Debs and associates on a criminal charge is fixed for to-morrow in Chicago.

INTERNAL REVENUE

Collections from All Sources for the First Half of the Present Fiscal Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—Commissioner Miller has compiled the collections of internal revenue for the first half of the present fiscal year. The returns show that the aggregate collections from all sources to have been $81,847,566, an increase over the same period of 1894 of $8,910,971. The principal items were: Spirits, $48,886,336, an increase of $7,785,879; tobacco, $15,157,669, an increase of $1,193,666; fermented liquors, $16,600,877, a decrease of $117,166; oleomargarine, $810,969, a decrease of $161,548; miscellaneous, $342,232, an increase of $369,689. The receipts for December were $8,292,950 less than for December, 1893.

FATAL SHOOTING.

One Man Killed and the Other Fatally Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 21.—Solomon Bloodsoe, a wealthy planter of Bay Village, Ark., left this city yesterday on an Iron Mountain train. He was riding on a scalper's ticket, made out in a woman's name. Conductor Jackson pocketed it and demanded full fare, which Bloodsoe refused to pay. At Calvin station Brakeman John S. Bene attempted to put Bloodsoe off. Both drew revolvers and fired. Bene was shot through the stomach and mortally wounded, but managed to shoot Bloodsoe through the head, killing him instantly. Bloodsoe's body and Bene were carried to Wynne.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

SUPREME COURT OPINION ON THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE ANTI-TRUST LAW.

A Decision Adverse to the Claim of the Government That the Operations of the Trust Were in Violation of the Inter-State Commerce Law.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The important case of the United States vs. E. C. Knight Co. *et al*, appealed from the Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit, involving the constitutionality and validity of the "Sherman anti-Trust law," in respect of the operations of the Sugar Trust, was decided in the Supreme Court of the United States to-day adversely to the contentions of the Government. The suit was begun in the Circuit Court for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania and was brought, in brief, to compel the defendant companies—American Sugar Refining Co., the E. C. Knight Co., the Franklin Sugar Co., the Spreckles Sugar Refining Co. and the Delaware Sugar House—to cancel the contracts by which the stocks of the last four named corporations were sold to the American company through John E. Searles, Jr., in exchange for the American company's stock, and that their several stocks be returned to them, on the ground that the transaction was in violation of the act of July 2, 1890, and that it effected a combination in restraint of inter-State commerce. The Circuit Court dismissed the bill and the Court of Appeals affirmed that decision. Thereupon the United States prosecuted its appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. Chief Justice Fuller announced the opinion and decision of the Court. After discussing the legal meaning and effect of the term "monopoly," the opinion proceeded:

"The fundamental question is whether, conceding that the existence of a monopoly in manufacture is established by the evidence, that monopoly can be directly suppressed under the act of Congress in the mode attempted by this bill.

"The Constitution does not provide," the Chief Justice said, "that Inter-State commerce shall be free, but by the grant of this exclusive power to regulate it, it was left free, except as Congress might impose restraints. Therefore, it has been determined that the failure of Congress to exercise this exclusive power in any case is an expression of its will that the subject shall be free from restrictions or impositions upon it by the several States, and if a law passed by a State in the exercise of its acknowledged powers comes into conflict with that will, the Congress and the State cannot occupy the position of equal opposing sovereignties, because the Constitution declares its supremacy and that of the laws passed in pursuance thereof; and that which is not supreme must yield to that which is supreme."

Continuing, the opinion said: "The argument is that the power to control the manufacture of refined sugar is a monopoly over a necessary of life, to the enjoyment of which by a large part of the population of the United States. Inter-State commerce is indispensable, and that, therefore, the General Government in the exercise of the power to regulate commerce, may repress such monopoly directly and set aside the instruments which have created it. But this argument cannot be confined to necessaries of life only, and must include articles of general consumption. Doubtless the power to control the manufacture of a certain thing involves in a certain sense the control of its disposition, but this is a secondary and not the primary sense; and although the exercise of that power may result in bringing the operation of commerce into play, it does not control it, and affects it only incidentally and directly. Commerce succeeds to manufacture, and is not a part of it. The power to regulate commerce is the power to prescribe the rule by which commerce shall be governed and is a power independent of the power to suppress monopoly. But it may operate in representation of monopoly whenever that comes within the rules by which commerce is governed or whenever the transaction is itself a monopoly of commerce.

"It is vital that the independence of the commercial power and of the police power and the delimitation between them, however sometimes perplexing, should always be recognized and observed, for while one furnishes the strongest bond of union, the other is essential to the preservation of the autonomy of the States, as required by our dual form of government; and acknowledged evils, however pressing and emergent they may appear to be, had better be borne than the risk be run, in the effort to suppress them, of more serious consequences by resort to expedients of even doubtful constitutionality. It was in the light of well-settled principles that the act of July 2, 1890, was framed; Congress did not attempt thereby to assert the power to deal with monopoly directly as such, or to limit and restrict the rights of corporations created by the States or the citizens of the States in the acquisition, control or disposition of property, or to regulate or prescribe the price or prices at which such property or the products thereof should be sold; or to make criminal the acts of persons in the acquisition and control of property which the States of their residence or creation sanctioned or permitted. Aside from the provisions applicable where Congress might exercise municipal power, what the law struck at was combinations, contracts and conspiracies to monopolize trade and commerce among the several States or with foreign nations; but the contracts and acts of the defendants related exclusively to the acquisition of the Philadelphia refineries and the business of sugar refining in Pennsylvania, and bore no direct relation to commerce between the States or with foreign nations. The object was manifestly private gain in the manufacture of commodity, but not through the control of inter-State and foreign commerce. It is true that the bill alleged that the products of these refineries were sold and distributed among the several States, and that all the companies were engaged in trade or commerce with the several States and with than to say that the trade and commerce foreign nations, but this was no more served manufacture to fulfill its function.

There was nothing in the proofs to indicate any intention to put a restraint upon trade or commerce, and the fact, as we have seen, that trade or commerce might be indirectly affected was not enough to entitle complainants to a decree. The subject matter of the sale was shares of manufacturing stock, and the relief sought was the surrender of property which had already passed and the suppression of the alleged monopoly in manufacture by the restoration of the *status quo* before the transfers, yet the act of Congress only authorized the Circuit Courts to proceed by way of preventing and restraining violations of the act in respect of contracts, combinations or conspiracies in in restraint of inter-State or international trade or commerce.

"The Circuit Court declined, upon the pleadings and proofs, to grant the relief prayed and dismissed the bill, and we are of opinion that the Circuit Court of Appeals did not err in affirming the decree. Decree affirmed."

The dissent of Mr. Justice Harlan from the judgment of the Court was a vigorous argument devoted to the support of two propositions; first, that the Sugar Trust was a combination in restraint of Inter-State commerce and therefore unlawful; and second, that the National Government alone was sufficiently powerful to successfully cope with such an organization.

THE BROOKLYN STRIKE.

OVER SEVEN THOUSAND TROOPS ON DUTY IN THE CITY.

Reinforcements Sent from New York—All The Police Reserves in New York Called Out—But the Strikers are Still Rampant and the Trouble Increases—Several Serious Conflicts—A Number of Persons Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Superintendent Byrnes has ordered all the police reserves on duty in the city. This was done because the First Brigade of militia had been ordered over to Brooklyn to reinforce the militia of that city in suppressing the street railroad rioters. There will be no nights off or days off for the present. Every man who is not on the sick list will be on duty and in reserve day and night.

The First Brigade, under command of Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, who had been ordered to Brooklyn by Gov. Morton to suppress the riots caused by the trolley cars strikers, arrived in Brooklyn early this morning. There are over 4,000 men in this brigade. The Ninth Regiment of 700 men were the first troops to cross East river to Brooklyn, leaving this city shortly after 5 o'clock. The Twenty-second Regiment, 600 strong, followed shortly after, and by 9 o'clock the whole brigade had started for Brooklyn.

Before the First Brigade was ordered under arms there were about 3,000 troops in the Second Brigade on duty in Brooklyn. These with the soldiers of Gen. Fitzgerald's, who are either in arms now, or who will reach their regiments during the day, will, it is estimated, form an army of between 7,000 and 8,000 men, which ought to give the trolley railroads ample protection for the running of their cars.

The Seventh Regiment was under fire at a few minutes before 6 o'clock this afternoon. Shots were fired from the crowd at the militia and several volleys were fired by the troops over the heads of the mob. So far as known, the only man injured was private Ennis, of Co. H. He was wounded by a shot from the crowd.

The troops engaged were six companies of the Seventh Regiment. They were under command of Major Abrams and were guarding the streets leading to the Ridgewood depot of the Green and Gates branch of the Brooklyn City Line.

A car on the fifth line started from Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street shortly after 4 o'clock. At about three blocks from the depot it was surrounded by a mob. A detachment of the Thirteenth Regiment under Major Cochran charged the mob with fixed bayonets, and the crowd scattered. August Brown received a bayonet wound in the hip. He was taken to a neighboring drug store and was treated there, after which he went home.

At 6 o'clock to-night a feed-wire was cut on the Bergen street road, between Rogers and Nostrand avenues. Patrolman Collins, who was on a car, saw four men run and gave chase. He arrested Edward Dugan, who was recognized as a motorman on the Sackett street road.

At 6.15 o'clock a mob of over 1,000 men surrounded a Gates avenue car at Nostrand avenue. Sticks and stones were thrown and shots were fired by men in the crowd. The reserves from the Ninth Precinct station hurried to the scene. After some trouble and hard fighting, in which three policemen were seriously injured, the mob scattered. Officer Lewis Shackleton sustained a fracture of the skull. Officers Dennis Burke, and James L. Coolihan were injured, but not seriously. They were hit on the head by stones, crockery and other missiles, thrown from house-tops.

Later this evening Elmer P. Vandyke, 25 years old, of New York, a member of the Seventh Regiment, fell from the second story of the Forty-seventh Regiment armory, causing a compound fracture of the skull. He was removed to Zeeny Hotel. Vandyke was under arrest for intoxication and had been placed in the temporary guard room from which he tried to make his escape by lowering himself by means of a rope made from his underclothes. The rope parted and he fell with the result as above stated.

Notwithstanding the numerous outbreaks in different parts of the city, the number of arrests for disorderly conduct were but few. The presidents of the car companies, who announced positively last night that they would operate their lines until midnight, began to weaken before 6 o'clock.

The officials of the Bergen street line concluded to stop their cars at 9 o'clock. President Lewis sent word to police headquarters that he would stop his cars at 8 o'clock. President Wicker said nothing but hustled his cars into the car houses as soon after dark as he could. The rain, mixed with fog, which prevailed all day, made the night of pitch darkness, except where the electric lights made objects visible a few feet away. The troops had a most disagreeable job in the rain and fog, and there was no certainty as to the moment when bricks and stones would emerge from the gloom and whiz unpleasantly close to the guardsman's head. In East New York, in South Brooklyn and in other uninviting neighborhoods, where car stables are located and strikers and hoodlums abounded, the soldiers had plenty of trouble. The many disturbances that occurred between 4 and 8 o'clock, by which time the cars had stopped operations, showed that the change of plans on the part of the Presidents was a wise one. At 8.15 o'clock this evening, Thos. Larkin, 24 years old, of No. 389 Third avenue, was arrested for assault on Patrolman Chas. McCue. McCue was trying to disperse a gang of men when Larkin struck him, knocking him down. With the assistance of soldiers Larkin was locked up.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Kings met this afternoon and adopted by a unanimous vote, the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, The managers and directors of the various railroad companies, whose employes are now on a strike, have been claiming that had they the proper police and military protection they could operate their lines; and whereas, The claims of the companies in this respect are not based on fact, as the action of the Mayor in sympathy with the employes, has demonstrated, therefore be it.

Resolved, That the Board of Supervisors, believing that the purpose of the Mayor was to expose the pretensions of the company, hereby expresses its approval of the determination to utilize the failure of the companies to operate their companies as an argument before the Attorney General for the annullment of their respective charters; and, be it further

Resolved, That this Board hereby expresses its sympaty with the employes, and calls upon all officials with power in the premises to aid them in establishing their rights to a fair day's labor."

A TEN-ROUND CONTEST

Between Billy Slavin and Buffalo Costello —A Six-Round Bout Between Jack Slavin and George LaBlanche.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

MONTREAL, January 21.—"Billy" Slavin, of Australia, and "Buffalo" Costello, of Montreal, fought ten rounds at Montreal National Hall to-night before a packed house. Costello had the best of the fight all the way through and in the tenth round Slavin was very badly used up. Costello was declared the winner.

The preliminary contest was a six-round bout between Jack Slavin and George LaBlanche (the Marine). La Blanche was given the decision.

WARM WIRELETS.

At midnight Lord Randolph Churchill had another attack of heart failure. He was then semi-comatose.

The steamer Australia sailed yesterday from San Francisco for Honolulu with 2,000 rifles and 100,000 rounds of ammunition for the Hawaiian Republic.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of C. D. Clark to be Judge of the Eastern and Middle District of Tennessee. (Previously confirmed and withdrawn.)

E. S. Riggs, a leading dry goods dealer, Chattanooga, Tenn., gave a deed of trust yesterday for the benefit of preferred creditors. Liabilities, $36,000; assets, $33,000.

After one of the most bitter fights ever waged for a seat in the U. S. Senate, Lucien Baker, State Senator for Leavenworth county, Kansas, received the Republican caucus nomination on the ninth ballot.

The Riverside Iron Works, at Benwood, W. Va., for the first time in two years were placed in operation yesterday in all its departments, affording 3,000 men employment.

The cruiser Raleigh left Norfolk yesterday for Newport, R. I., where she is to receive her complement of torpedoes preparatory to joining the North Atlantic squadron.

Incendiaries made an unsuccessful attempt to burn the Buckeye Glass Works at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, Sunday night. It was reported that the works would start non-union in a few days.

The Treasury gold reserve declined again yesterday, standing at the close of business at $69 968,117. The amount taken out at New York $700,000, of which $600,000 was for export.

A cyclone struck Irvington, Tenn., yesterday morning at 2 o'clock, blew off the top of the court house and demolished a dozen residences and a score of barns and outhouses. The damage is $50,000. No lives were lost.

Augustus Schell and Wm. Owens, two young white men, were arrested in Norfolk, Va., charged with selling bogus soap to merchants of that vicinity. They claimed to represent a firm in New York. They gave bail and skipped.

Dick Burge and Tom Williams, of Australia, fought at the National Sporting Club, London, Eng., last evening, at ten stone, for 200 pounds a side. Burge won in the third round. The first and second rounds were stubbornly contested.

The cruiser Philadelphia is scheduled to steam into Honolulu harbor next Saturday morning. Although she is rated as a 20 knot ship, she could make the speed only for a few hours at a time and with such an enormous expenditure of coal that her bunkers would be exhausted in three days.

The Merchants' Hotel, a large brick building at Florence, Ala., was burned at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. A number of guests lost their personal property but no lives were lost. Some of the guests had to be dragged from the building. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

Wm. E. Midgeway, President of the defunct American Casualty Co., New York, was indicted yesterday for grand larceny in the first degree for having misappropriated a check for $21.000, which was given to him by Beecher, Schenk & Co., to be turned over to the American Steam Boiler Co., of Baltimore.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

Ginger-Snaps and Lemon cakes, flour and molasses, full line of tobacco; strong and sweet snuff a specialty. We handle on commission and guarantee highest prices for cotton, timber, naval stores and country produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. tf

$25.00 to $50-00 per week using and selling Old Reliable Plater. Every family has rusty, worn knives, forks, spoons, etc Quickly plated by dipping in melted metal No experience or hard work; a good situation Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. jan 16 6t

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Beautiful Photographs.—I have just received the finest line of Photographic accessories and scenery ever brought to Wilmington. To introduce it out this out and bring it to me and I will give you 25 cents for it provided you take twelve of my best Cabinets. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deale in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 99. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C., Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 409 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tarsol, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies c21

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

For Rent,

THREE DESIRABLE DWELLINGS RENT repaired and put in good order.

1. Southwest corner Dock and Second streets, 12 rooms, with gas, water and other conveniences.

2. Dwelling southwest corner Dock and Fifth streets 6 rooms, with gas, water, &c.

3. New dwelling. Sixth, between Princess and Chestnut streets, 8 rooms, with all modern conveniences.

For terms apply to J. W. SNEEDEN, jan 19 3t Smith Building, Princess St.

Great

CASH CLEARING SALE

At Katz & Polvogt's.

Force

Used, not upon our customers, but our Stock. Indiscriminate cuts in prices in every department of our establishment. We do not wish to bore yon with a rhetorical display, so give you plain facts and figures throughout this sheet.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street,

Leading Dry Goods Dealers.

Dress Goods Department.

No. 1. 15c Brocatelles at 9½c.

No. 2. 35c to 50c double width Wool Dress Goods, embracing mixtures, cheviots, cashmeres and Bengalines, sold at only 25c.

No. 3. 50c and 75c all-wool suitings, 40 to 54 inches, at only 39c.

No. 4. 75c all wool habit cloth 54 inches wide at 49c.

No. 5, 90c silk finished Henriettas 40 inches wide, all colors, 60c.

No. 6. 60c all wool silk finished Henriettos only 39c yard.

No. 7. Navy & Black storm Serge only 49c.

No. 8. 70c all wool 46 inch storm Serge only 49c.

No. 9. $1.25 all wool sail storm Serge only 98c.

No. 10. Our entire stock of Waists, silk, having sold at $1.19 to 1.50, sold at the uniform price of 75c.

No. 11. $1.25 Crepe de Cheneon, evening shades, only 85c.

No. 12. 75c 46 inch Muslin de Soie, only 39c, evening shades.

No. 13. $1.25 Black Satins only 69c.

No. 14. Mourning Dress Goods—$1.25 silk finished Henriettas only 89c.

No. 15. 90c silk finished Henrietta only 60c.

No. 16. $2.00 mourning veils only $1.25 per yard.

No. 17. Made veils, hemstiched and hemmed, at half prices.

No. 18. Mourning cashmere shawls at half price.

Flannel underware under cost.

40 to 50c children's flannels only 25c.

75c children's flannels only 50c.

50c ladies' ribbed vests only 25c.

75c ladies' natural wool vests only 50c.

Every ladies' flannel vest and pants over $1.25, some having sold for $2.50, will be sold at the uniform price, 98c.

Cloak Department.

No. 1. $5.00 Black Cloaks at only $2.00.

No. 2. $10.00 Cloaks at only $5.00.

No. 3. $15.00 to $18.00 Cloaks only $9.98.

No. 4. Children's 4 to 8 year Garments only $2.00 worth $5.00.

No. 5. Babies' Elderdown Coats with Angora fur worth $2.00, this week 98c.

Children's Caps—2,000 New Silk Caps just opened at half price—60c Caps, 39c; 80c Caps, 59c; 85c Caps, 65c; $1.10 Caps, 89c; $1.50 Caps, $1.00.

Babies' long coats, cashmere and silk, embroidered, $1.50 to 5.00.

Blankets—$1.25 grade, 75c; 3.00 grade, 1.50; 7.50 grade, 4.50.

Comforts—$6.00 Down Comforts, 4.50; 4.50 Fine Cotton Bat, 2.20; small size, 50c.

Rugs—$2.50 Willow Rugs, 1.50; 3.00 Persian Rugs, 1.98, 36x72.

75c Cocoa Matting, only 50c.

89c Shades fringed and patent rollers, only 49c.

Mattings—200 rolls just opened, purchased under the hammer.

15c mattting 9½c; 25c seamless 16 2-3c; 40c cotton warp 20c.

Hosiery Department—Great drive in this Department—15c Children's Black Hose only 10c; 40c Children's Fast Black Hose, silk finished, 25c; 35c Ladies' Fast Black Hose only 15c. 35c Ladies Black Hose, only 19c. 45c Ladies Black Hose, only 25c. 1,000 other bargains during the great Cash Clearing Sale at

'Katz & Polvogt's,

116 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Jan 20 tf

"Worth Your While."

ALL THOSE PERSONS WHO WILL KINDLY favor me with a little of their trade from now till First February will be presented with every 10 cents worth of goods purchased with a beautiful blooming Bulb.

JAS. D. NUTT,

jan 19 1f The Druggist.

Three Mules and Two Horses

For sale for cash, or on time with approved security.

D. L. GORE.

jan 22 DAW tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash paid for improved city real estate

june 24 tf

Geo. Mather's Sons Company,

Established 1816.

Printing Ink & Varnish Manufacturers

29 Rose St., N. Y.

A complete line of all the celebrated inks can be had the

H. A. MURRILL, Wholesale Paper Dealer, 307 E. Trade street, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

sly 9 tf

Odds and Ends Sale.

The Remains left from 1894.

Woollen Dress Goods And Underwear.

Fancy Blue and Brown Woollen Dress Goods at 25c a yard that never before sold for less than 50c a yard.

Fancy striped Dress Flannel at 27 cents a yard, regular price 45 cents.

One piece Green Plaid Flannel at 32½c yard, reduced from 50c. We also offer all-wool Scotch Plaid at 42½c, which sold for 75c. a yard.

Just think of it. Remnants from one cent a yard up to most any price.

One lot of

Lace Remnants

To be sold regardless of price or quality. One lot of Gent's real Flannel Shirts at 73 cents each, sold for $1. One lot of natural Wool Undershirts at 75c, reduced from $1.25.

Cotton Undershirts for Winter from from 18c up to 45c each.

White wool Undershirts for Gents at 80c., sold for $1.25 each.

Ladies' Undervests in Cotton from 15c up to 45c each.

Ladies Wool Undervest at 75 sold for $1.25.

Ladies Sewed Undershirts to be sold regardless of cash value.

Don't wait, but come,

C. E. Gordon,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.,

Wilmington, N. C.

Jan 11 tf

CHOICE

Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats.

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH

jan 17 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 19
SOUTH PORTLAND, Wednesday, Jan. 23
DELAWARE, Saturday, Jan. 26

Wilmington for New York.

DELAWARE, Monday, January 21
CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 26
DELAWARE, Thursday, Jan. 31

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Jan. 22
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Jan. 26

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. Jan 19 tf

STATEMENT OF THE

Atlantic National Bank

Wilmington, N. C., at close of business December 19, 1894, condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans,		$498,727 77
Overdrafts,		29 02
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds at par,		32,350 00
Banking House and fixtures,		14,000 00
Redemption Fund,		1,455 00
Due from other banks,		208,000 76
Cash on hand,		79,117 43
Total		$833,370 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital,		$125,000 00
Surplus,	$25,000 00	
Undivided Profits,	11,618 22	36,618 22
Circulation,		20,110 00
Deposits,		653,642 26
Total		$833,370 48

	Dec. 19, '92.	Dec. 19, '93.	Dec. 19, '94
Surplus & Net Profits,	$7,565	$25,918	$36,618
Loans,	230,704	430,999	498,757
Banking House, &c.,	16,581	15,000	14,000
Premium on U.S. Bonds'	4,785	3,397	None.

Dividends Paid Within Last Year, $7,500.

New York correspondence—Chemical National Bank and Hanover National Bank.

dec 27 tf

Coal, Coal,

Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg,

White Ash Stove.

Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,

Pea Coal, Foundry Coal,

Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump

Wood, Wood.

OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.

All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.

J. A. SPRINGER.

dec 28 tf

Sweaters, Sweaters.

Received an assortment of Sweaters, made of the best material. All sizes, white, navy blue, black, brown and grey. Please call and make your selection at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store,

jan 17 tf